E DAILY NEWS to 80 per cent. DELIVERED of the residences y miles of road in Middletown and south, and a like proportion of the nts of Jamestown are its regular rs.

Newport Daily News.

Furnished Cottage to rent for the winter for $200; the best locality in Newport for winter company; all modern improvements. DANIEL WATSON, 236 Thames Street.

STABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., MONDAY, JANUARY 13, 1896. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Three Days' Wages

ne customer bought e pairs of Trousers of us said that upon the purse he saved

$7.23

or more than e days' wages. Can you in any other way st so little capital and ure as big a dividend?

W. C. LANGLEY & SON,
erchant Tailors and Haberdashers,
174 THAMES STREET.

E BANK OF NEW YORK,
NATIONAL BANKING ASSOCIATION,
WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
$2,000,000. Established 1784. Surplus, $2,000,000
veler's Letters of Credit,
AVAILABLE IN ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

A FINE LOT OF
D ENGLISH AND DUTCH SILVER,
d Bits of Old China, Delft, Cut Glass and Bronzes.
od Old Colonial, French, Dutch and English Furniture.
ll and Mantel Clocks.
—AT—
rlingham's Art Rooms,
83 MILL STREET.
en from 9 till 5.

A TIMELY AD.

Snow Shovels 25 cents each

—AT—

A. C. TITUS & CO.'S, Thames Street.

SOMETHING NEW!
See Our Window.
New Styles. New Ideas. New Prices.

PIANO STOOLS.

Look at your piano stool and consider if it is not more suited to ornament the attic than your music room or parlor. In the majority of cases the piano stool is the worst looking, most dangerous piece of furniture in the house.

What is gained by using such a shabby object when

$1.50 will buy a strong serviceable stool.
$3.00 will buy as good a stool as any one needs.
$4.00 will buy THE VERY BEST MADE.

SEE OUR WINDOW.

Crandall & Pray, Thames St. and Market Sq.

Paper Hangings
—AND—
WALL DECORATIONS.
Largest and Most Extensive Line in New England.

Choice Designs in Lincrusta Walton.

Paper Hangings with Cretonnes to match, Burlap for Panelled Ceilings, complete line of Room Mouldings.

JOSEPH MAYER,
68 & 70 Spring Street.

These Winter Winds Seem to pierce one's marrow if you are not warmly clad. Go and get a good suit of clothes, well made, properly cut and trimmed, at a reasonable price, and the best place to get that combination is at

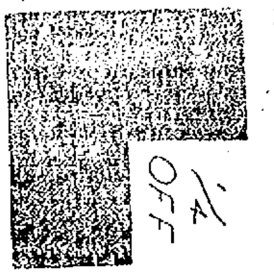
COMMERFORD'S,
235 Thames Street.

Fine Perfumes!
Roger & Gallet's and Palmer's Extracts
Powell's Toilet Cologne.
—AT—
FRANK L. POWELL'S,
Corner Thames and Pelham Streets.

HIGH-CLASS
Furniture.
OLD EMPIRE STYLE, ANTIQUE CARVED OAK,
GILT FRENCH AND ITALIAN DESIGNS.

Made from best materials, thoroughly artistic and substantial, newest and best designs and by most skilled workmen.
Lowest prices consistent with best workmanship.

GEO. E. VERNON & CO.
91 John Street, Newport,
Running through to 64, 66 & 68 Levin Street



DISCOUNT
ON ALL
Men's, Boys' and Children's
Overcoats, Ulsters
—AND—
Reefers.

Our discount of 25 per cent. from former prices of overcoats is a reliable one. Our original tickets remain as they always were.

NOTICE—Our terms are strictly SPOT CASH at this ¼ off sale.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,
208 Thames Street. 208

Second Edition.

BY TELEGRAPH
TO THE UNITED PRESS.
SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

IN CONGRESS.

Petition for the Recognition of Cuban Belligerency.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—A communication was received today from the Secretary of the Treasury, in reply to a resolution of the Senate offered by Mr. Peffer (Pop., Kansas), which asked whether the gold reserve of $100,000,000 had been ever actually segregated, or set apart, from other currency in the treasury. The Secretary states that "at no time since the establishment of the so-called gold reserve has the sum of $100,000,000 or any other sum been segregated, or set apart, from the general cash in the treasury; and that there is no provision of law requiring it to be done."

Mr. Call (Dem., Fla.), in presenting numerous petitions in favor of recognizing belligerent rights in the Cuban revolution, asked to have them printed as a public document, with the names of the signers, stating that it is important for Congress to be made aware of the feeling of the people on a great public question like the war in Cuba. An objection by Mr. Platt (Repn., Conn.) was sustained by the Vice President's ruling that the rules of the Senate forbid printing of the names in such cases, and Mr. Call withdrew his request.

Among the bills introduced and referred was one by Mr. Chandler (Repn., N. H.), for the refunding of United States notes in two per cent. bonds.

Mr. Kyle (Pop., S. D.) introduced a resolution empowering and directing the President of the United States to receive such persons as may present themselves, accredited to act on behalf of the Cuban patriots, and on the production of evidence showing that they have established a seat of government on the island of Cuba and that a majority of the native-born residents are actively supporting and defending it with arms, or are in sympathy with the cause, extend belligerent rights to the Cuban patriots. The resolution was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

In the House Mr. Morse (Repn., Mass.) offered a resolution instructing the committee on foreign affairs to inquire into the expediency of reporting to the House an expression of this government in regard to the Armenian outrages and looking to the co-operation of allied powers to "wipe the Turkish government off the face of the earth." It was referred to the committee on foreign affairs. The day was then given over to business pertaining to the District of Columbia.

SWINDLED HIS COUNTRYMAN.

Arrest of a Chinaman on a Charge of Defalcation.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—Joe Tye of the Chinese colony, who five years ago is alleged to have stolen $14,500 from Jung Fat, a Boston Chinaman, was arrested this morning. The arrest was made on an old warrant issued when Tye disappeared from this city with the money. Tye collected $15,000 belonging to Jung Fat and was to receive $500 commission. He departed for China with the entire amount. Jung Fat traced him out, and Tye says he gave him $9,000, and has in his possession a paper written in Chinese, which he claims is an acknowledgment of satisfaction and a full release, signed by Jung Fat, who is now in China.

NO STRIKE PROBABLE.

Situation in the Philadelphia Street-Car Quarrel Unchanged.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 13.—The street-car situation remains unchanged. There seems, however, no probability of a strike being ordered immediately. The central committee of the amalgamated association held a meeting last night, and it was given out that at all events no strike will be ordered today. The committee will await the result of the efforts this afternoon of the various peace societies, to induce the company to grant some concessions to the men. If they are not granted, then a strike will probably be ordered tomorrow morning.

American Steamer Wrecked on the North Carolina Coast.

CAPE HENRY, Va., Jan. 13.—The steamer before reported ashore at New Inlet, N. C., is American steamer James Woodall, with a cargo of sugar and molasses, from New Orleans for Baltimore. The vessel is now full of water. The crew of ten men were saved by the life saving crew.

ONQUERING CUBANS.

nsurgents Victorious in Three Engagements.

ails of Encounters with the Spanish Guerrillas.

s DIEGO, Cuba, Jan. 4, via Key West, Fla., 13—The guerrillas of Colonel Tojeda and Battalion Construction, twelve hundred in all, had a bloody engagement with the an leaders, Brigadier General Cebreco and onel Pancho Sanchez, with five hundred , in Loma de los Ciegos and in San Pru-io December 26. The Spanish troops menced the attack with such a hurried continuous firing from different direc-s that the insurgents abandoned the first-tioned place and took position in San enio, after inflicting some losses to the ps. Colonel Tejeda, after giving rest to the soldiers, again attacked Cubans in their new position, and rible fight ensued. When the Spaniards about halfway up the mountains they an to show signs of weakening. In con-uence of the constant and deadly fire of Cubans. Colonel Tejeda then or-d an attack with the bayonet, whereupon insurgents suddenly attacked the guerril-with machetes. The guerrillas fled and the Battalion Constitution alone on the d. Colonel Tejeda being unable to rally dispersed guerrillas, had to retire with his unded. In this engagement Dr. Gomez, officers and fifteen soldiers on the Span-side were killed, and Commander Punet, en officers and forty soldiers wounded. Of Cubans six were killed and fifteen unded. The insurgents captured several es, three mules laden with ammunition, ny weapons, and a large box of medicines. Spanish column, five hundred strong, der Colonel Ochoa, left Mayara December to carry a convoy of provisions and am-nition to the detachment of troops sta-ed at La Juliana. On their return they re met by Cuban Leader Ma-Vega, with nine hundred men. The insurgents attacked the convoys and captured forty mules laden with provisions and ten with ammunition. The troops retreated to Mayara, leaving eight killed and thirty-seven wounded. The Cubans had thirty killed and thirteen wounded. They captured eight prisoners.

Another encounter took place lately in La Tontina, between Spanish Colonel Sandoval and Cuban leaders Rueu and Dominguez. After a short but hard fight Dominguez defeated the Spanish column. The troops had nine killed and thirty wounded. The Cubans captured ten mules laden with ammunition and medicines.

Outrage by a Spanish Bandit-Colonel.

A terrible crime was committed near Manzanillo December 24 by the Spanish guerrillas commanded by Colonel Lolo Benitez, a bandit whom Martinez Campos took from the prison where he was serving a term for crimes and raised to the rank of colonel of the Spanish army. Benitez is a Cuban. He went from Manzanilla December 24 with sixty guerrillas, with the object of inspecting the surroundings of the city. In the middle of the night he and his men arrived at a country seat called San Francisco, where there were about twenty-five persons celebrating Christmas eve, the majority of them women and children. The guerrillas went to the front of the house, fired a volley at it and then entered, machetes in hand, killing an old man, the owner of the place; two other men, two women and two children, and wounding four men, three women and four children. Lolo Benitez took three men with him to Manzanilla as prisoners, saying that he had dispersed a party of rebels.

Attack on Managua Repulsed.

MADRID, Jan. 13.—A despatch from Havana to the Imparcial says the rebels made an attack upon Managua yesterday and were repulsed. The insurgents have burned many suburban residences near the capital.

Killed on a Grade Crossing.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 13.—A train in Rutherford county, Saturday, struck a carriage in which were Mrs. Kanipe and her two daughters. Mrs. Kanipe and the oldest daughter, aged sixteen years, were killed. The younger daughter was dragged from under the wheels badly injured.

Governor Bushnell's Inauguration.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 13.—The city was gay with flags and bunting, marching troops and political clubs with their bands of music, celebrating the inauguration of Governor Bushnell. The inauguration exercises took place in the rotunda of the capitol at noon. They were simple and very brief.

NEW JERSEY BLUE LAWS.

Trenton Cigar Stores and Restaurants Closed Yesterday.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 13.—An attempt to enforce the blue laws was made here yesterday. The local ministerial union recently called the attention of the mayor to the fact that many stores were being kept wide open Sundays, and the mayor sent the union's letter to the police commissioners and directed them to act. It was given out that all traffic on Sunday must cease, save that in milk, drugs and newspapers, and further exceptions were made in favor of the street cars, barber shops and telegraph offices. The result was the closing of confectioneries, cigar stores, saloons and restaurants.

BEGINNING TO YIELD.

Salisbury Seeking to Resume Negotiations Direct with Venezuela.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The United Press learns upon good authority that Lord Salisbury is endeavoring, through a neutral power, to resume direct negotiations with Venezuela, proposing the appointment of a joint commission to de-limit the disputed frontier. The joint commission failing to reach a complete agreement, the points in dispute are to be referred to a third power.

On Hedge Fence Shoal, But Floated.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Jan. 13.—Brig Lonily of Yarmouth, Nova Scotia, Captain Cook, from New York for St. John, New Brunswick, with a cargo of coal, ran ashore at 5 o'clock this morning on Hedge Fence shoal, Vineyard sound. Steam tug Plymouth floated her and she proceeded apparently uninjured.

Boys Killed by an Electric Wire.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 13.—Lee Lewis, aged fourteen years, and his brother Joseph, aged twelve, were killed yesterday while playing with a small wire, which became accidentally fastened to an electric light wire.

Anglo-German Situation Becoming Calm

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Count Von Hatzfeldt, German ambassador to Great Britain, has gone to Brighton, and his departure from London is taken as a sign that the Anglo-German situation is becoming more calm.

DECEMBER 31, 1895.

Screens at Reduced Prices!

10 Largest-sized Cloth Screens reduced from $4.75 to $2.75.
1 Largest-sized Embroidered Screen at $2.50.

WE HAVE MADE GREAT REDUCTION IN CHINA WARE IN GENERAL

dozen Finest Tokio Butter Plates at 48c.
100 Fine Owari Teapots with Strainer at 13c.
Large Assortment of Cups and Saucers at very reasonable prices.
Medium-sized Fine Pitchers reduced to 50c.
Tokio Water Bottles with Cup at 45c.
Straw Mats at 12 a dozen.

KAZANJIAN & CO.

☞ We intend to make business during the three "dead" months of Newport.

THE BEE HIVE.

FLEETING CHANCES should be grappled ere they pass forever. Now is the time to avail yourself of our

MAMMOTH CLEARANCE SALE.

Thousands of well-satisfied customers visited our store last week. Thousands more are expected this. It's the chance of a lifetime to get all kinds of seasonable goods at such tremendous reduction of prices. Don't let this chance slip by—grapple it; save yourself dollars and secure the most seasonable and satisfying bargains ever offered in Newport. At random we pick from the multitude of good things the following:

Corsets.

A mixed lot of corsets, about 150 of them, sizes 18 to 25, regular 75c. corsets. Sale price....39c

Fleshy women not forgotten.

5 dozen corsets, sizes 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 and 36, usual price $1. Sale price....50c
The last week to secure $1.50 Kid Gloves for....69c
Choice of Pique or Suede Mousquetaire, guaranteed to be $1.50 quality and all perfect fresh goods, and desirable colors, a saving of 81c. on each pair, remember the price....69c
Double finger tipped, extra heavy Cashmere Gloves, value 37c. Sale price....19c
25c. fine Worsted Mittens for Ladies. Sale price....15c

Sensational values in Hosiery

Child's heavy Ribbed Seamless Cotton Hose, sizes 5 to 8½, value 15c., for....9c
Child's heavy ribbed Woolen Hose, sizes 5 to 8½, value 25c. a pair, for....15c
Misses' English Cashmere ribbed Hose, sizes 6 to 8½, value 37c., for....25c
Men's fine Merino Socks, suitable all the year round, regular 25c. kind. Sale price....15c
Men's heavy Seamless Cotton Socks, the kind that will give satisfaction in wearing and full sizes, 3 pairs for....25c
Ladies' fast black Seamless Cotton Hose....8c
Ladies' extra heavy black Cotton Hose, were cheap at 15c., now....11c
Ladies' Woolen Hose, finished seams, now....12½c
Ladies' extra heavy Woolen Hose, that will wear to the satisfaction of every buyer. Sale price....19c

Cotton Underwear.

If ladies knew how cheap they can buy well made Cotton Underwear of us, all thoughts of making them at home would vanish. Poorly made goods or scant sizes are never sold by us.
Children's Drawers, 5 sizes, of good muslin. Sale price....9c
3 styles of ladies' Night Gowns, heavy muslin and neatly trimmed, at....50c
Empire Style Night Gowns with fine embroidery....59c
At 75c. we offer you a variety of Night Gowns which are offered as bargains elsewhere at 98c. Umbrella Skirts, full width with fine needlework ruffle, lowest value $1.25. Sale Price....$1
Drawers with fine Hamburg trimming 33c. & 48c
Corset Covers, perfect fitting, felled seams, 20c. kind for....13c
50 Dozen Corset Covers, V necks, of fine needlework, regularly sold at 25c. Sale Price....18c

The biggest Sale of Underwear in our History.

Men's Australian Wool Shirts and Drawers in white, natural or red, regular lowest price $1.25. Sale price....95c

Underwear Sale continued.

Men's half Wool Shirts and Drawers, sold in many places at 65c. and 75c. Sale price....39c
Men's heavy Shirts and Drawers, usually 29c. Sale price....18c
Ladies' heavy fleeced Jersey Vests and Pants, the 45c. kind, for....27c
Ladies' half Wool Jersey Vests and Pants, 75c. kind, for....58c
Ladies' all Wool Underwear, all at reduced prices....
Men's 50c. Outing Shirts, in a variety of patterns, now....31c
Men's Fine Flannel Shirts, regular price $1.25, now....98c
Men's 75c. Laundered Percale Shirts, choice for....49c
Suspenders, 15c. ones for 9c., 45c. ones for 25c
Teck Scarfs, latest shape, full length and staple colors, good value at 25c., now....2 for 25c
Unlaundered Shirts can be bought at every price from 19c. up, but we don't sell such poor grades, but we do sell during this sale a regular 50c. shirt, made of A1 heavy cotton, full size, reinforced back and front, best stitching, for....39c. each

Special Miscellany

24 inch Umbrellas, value $1.25, for....89c
Lace Pillow Shams, value 50c., for....25c. a pair
Ladies' Large Size Lawn Aprons with deep hem....11c
Hamburg Edging, new patterns, wide width, 10c., 12c. and 15c. per yard.
Flannelette Wrappers, latest style, value $1.50, for....83c
Silk waists that were 5 to $6, closing price $3.50
Children's Mackintoshes, were $1.95, now $1.25
Ostrich Feather Boas at a reduction of from $1.50 to $2.50 on each.
We mean to clean up the cloak stock. This is how we do it.

All $7.50 Garments now		$4.98
All $10.00	" "	$6.50
All $12.50	" "	$7.50
All $15.00	" "	$9.50

The Notion Counter Sale.

Sterling Dress Shields, 15c. kind for....9c
Cabinet Hair Pins 3c.
English Hair Pins, full count, 6 papers for 5c.
Extra Quality Note Paper 9c. per box.
Pure Cream Soap, finely scented, 3 cakes in box, per box 9c.
10c. Tooth Brushes now....5c
National Wire Corset Clasps, usual price 15c., now....8c
10c. Dressing Combs now....5c
Pearl Buttons, various sizes, 2 dozen for 5c.
Fancy Garter Elastic in all colors 5c. per yard.

This Morning's News.

TO KILL ALL WHITES.

Part of the Plot Concocted by Jameson.

England and Germany at Sword's Points.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—A dispatch from sources sympathizing with the Transvaal government in Johannesburg asserts that the plot for Dr. Jameson's raid and the coincident uprising of the Uitlanders were the most shameful in history. The blackest part of the plot, the dispatch asserts, was the intention of the agents of the Chartered South African company to set loose the savages to invade the Transvaal from all points, and to kill every white man.

It is understood that the difficulty over the manner of disposal of Dr. Jameson's followers was settled on Saturday, the Transvaal government simply stipulating that the rank and file of the Jameson expedition should be deported from South Africa. According to the Transvaal law, the punishment for treason is banishment and a large fine. It is not believed here that President Kruger has demanded the abrogation of the London convention—which provides for the suzerainty of Great Britain over the Transvaal—as the price of sparing Dr. Jameson's life.

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It had been alleged that all over South Africa provision stations should be erected on the lines of the route, and the points had been fixed. The object was to destroy Pretoria and to present England with a fait accompli before any interference could reach them. Sketches of Pretoria and of the Rand, made by military men, have, it is said, been seized.

This story is denounced in London as a gross exaggeration, and it is regarded as being intended to prejudice the South African company in the negotiations it is making.

A dispatch received by the Chartered South African company from Buluwayo announces that the outcome of a mass meeting of the English colony, bankers and merchants there, was the declaration of a unanimous decision to obey the imperial government. The public, it was asserted, was fully under control.

Rhodes' Point of View.

A dispatch from Cecil J. Rhodes, under date of Cape Town, Jan. 12, says: "The position is that within the Transvaal there are 70,000 new-comers and an old population of 14,000. With the developments of the gold industry to a fuller extent, the new-comers will amount to 500,000 in five years; eventually to 1,000,000, probably more. From time to time the position will be upset by the attempts of the new population to claim civil rights, which eventually they certainly must get.

"Statesmanship should give them some rights now, as the present state is impossible for the new-comers, who own more than half the soil of the Transvaal and nine-tenths of the wealth of the country. The new males outnumber the old, five to one, and are composed largely of Americans, including the principal mine managers.

"England is the only great power in South Africa. She is now threatened with German interference, which she is bound to resent and resist. In this she should have America's sympathy. Blood is thicker than water. Americans, above all nations, insist on civil rights in one's industries here at the Cape. In the Transvaal all my managers are Americans. And yet we have the spectacle of the two great English-speaking nations of the world almost on the verge of war about some barren land in South America; whereas, working in perfect harmony, the peace of the world would be secured."

Kruger and the Kaiser.

The Berlin correspondent of The Times says: "The publicity given to the exchange of letters between the queen and the emperor is very unwelcome here. It is regarded as an indiscreet attempt to make political capital in the English interest out of the family relations of the two courts. The substance of the letters can only be a matter of surmise.

The contents of the emperor's letter may be inferred from the very conciliatory and reassuring words he addressed on the following day to the foreign representatives here on the occasion of the funeral of Prince Alexander of Prussia, when he emphasized the unabated friendliness of the English and German governments.

Unfortunately, however, it is too early to indulge in optimism. President Kruger's attitude may be a better test of Germany's real attitude than professions of amity. If President Kruger proves obdurate, it will be difficult to resist the conclusion that he has been allowed to count upon Germany's support. It must not be forgotten that before Dr. Jameson's coup the organ of the German foreign office urged President Kruger to ignore the manifesto of the National union of Johannesburg. Dr. Jameson's ill-starred enterprise simply gave Germany an opportunity to shift her ground to a plausible condemnation of a breach of international law.

A dispatch to The Times from Vienna says that the German National association of Austria has telegraphed congratulations to President Kruger.

Cooling Down Somewhat.

Dispatches from Berlin, printed in today's papers, say that there is distinctly less stress of feeling there in regard to the international complication growing out of the Transvaal crisis, and the German press, as a rule, devote less space to it than for some time. The tone of the comment of the newspapers, which means so much in this land of press censorship and inspired expressions in newspapers, is rather more peaceful, and there is less talk of active hostilities and more hope expressed of an unarmed settlement of the question at issue. Expressions of irritation at the British government and of rancor against the English people are still more or less bitter, however.

The Taggeblatt replies to the assertions made Saturday in the Westminster Gazette that Germany's attitude on the Armenian question had alienated Great Britain, and had driven it to seek rapprochement with France. The Westminster Gazette added that there was absolutely no intention on the part of Great Britain to enter the Franco-Russian alliance, any more than the dreibund, but Great Britain had become, it was hoped, better friends with both France and Russia.

To which The Taggeblatt replies: So England has sought hitherto a point d'appui against the dreibund. Germany would not have noticed that unless England's ceaseless colonial intrigues, and the unjustifiable abuse in the English press is proof of such an intimacy. If this be so, Germany rejoices that England henceforth sheds the sunlight of her favor on the zweibund (Russia and France).

The Hamburger correspondent declares that there is no question of the abrogation of the suzerainty of Great Britain over the Transvaal, because the Transvaal has not recognized the British suzerainty at any time since 1881.

The Kolnische Volkszeitung says: It is high time that the British government should deny its responsibilities for The Times' lies and abusive sayings about Germany. Continued silence implies guilt.

The Deutsches Wochenblatt threatens that when the Egyptian question shall be revived, the German press will unanimously side with France against England.

The Thunderer's Conclusions.

An editorial in The Times says: There is far too great a disposition in some quarters to assume that the Transvaal difficulty is ended. It can only be truly said that the immediate danger of bloodshed has been averted.

But all the evils and terrors which made a disturbance in the Transvaal—with or without Dr. Jameson, merely a question of time—still remain unsettled. While President Kruger is releasing Dr. Jameson with one hand, with the other he is throwing into prison the heads of all the English enterprises in Johannesburg. He cannot be allowed to transfer the charges of treason from armed invaders to the heads of a population which never asked anything but a fair share of political rights.

And as he could have prevented Dr. Jameson's raid by divulging what his preparations proved he knew, he does not come to court with clean hands. Whether as against Dr. Jameson or against the Johannesburgers, we should advise all concerned to hear Cecil Rhodes before deciding upon the somewhat obscure and complicated transactions.

There is little apprehension of war with Germany over the present complication at least, and the British public have a reassuring sense that if there is to be a war,

England Is Ready For It.

The prompt and efficient work of the naval authorities and the formidable show of strength that is the result give John Bull a feeling of confidence.

There are no further explicit announcements of movements looking to an alliance of the powers against England. Nevertheless, it is keenly perceived by the public that the sentiment displayed by the German government has a far wider bearing than the present dispute in Transvaal, and there are visions of future complications on questions of conflicting interests.

Saturday's cabinet council, and the meeting at the colonial office, remain largely a subject of speculation, and whatever decisions may have been taken are sedulously guarded as state secrets and the greatest care taken to avoid publicity.

William H. Mercer, private secretary to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain, said last night that the secretary had no further telegrams to communicate to the public which had been received from South Africa. The visit of the Prince of Wales to the colonial office on Saturday, he said, just when several of the directors of the Chartered South African company were there, was purely accidental. His royal highness called, he said, to show his interest, and had made some kind remarks in recognition of Secretary Chamberlain's labors.

This explanation is hardly likely to satisfy the public, in view of the repeated statements published that the directorship of the Duke of Fife, husband of Princess Louise of Wales, in the Chartered South African company, is a subject of concern to the royal family, and especially to the queen.

A NOBLE RESPONSE.

Over Half of the New Bond Issue Taken Up by United States Banks.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—In a few brief hours and what was once the most powerful aggregation of capital in this country, the famous Morgan syndicate, the would-be corners of the gold of the Western world, will in all probability have become a thing of the past.

There is no doubt that, definite and indefinite efforts together, the subscriptions made through The World, almost entirely from country banks, represent a total of two-thirds, if not all, of the $100,000,000 of the loan.

Of the $15,276,550 subscribed by banks other than national, Ohio contributes the greatest amount, $1,364,000; followed by California, $1,333,500; Pennsylvania, $1,269,500; Washington, $951,200; New York $922,800, Missouri, $552,000, and Illinois, $502,000. The quota of Massachusetts, where the banks are nearly all national, is $143,500.

The full list of promised subscriptions now stands as follows: The World, $1,000,500; national banks through The World, $20,000,000; state and savings banks, through The World, $15,000,000; New York Life Insurance company, $10,000,000; Chemical and other New York banks, $15,000,000; German bankers, $40,000,000; Russell Sage and other independent bankers, $3,000,000.

This is a total of $104,000,000, and with the exception of Berlin and a little from New York all the great financial centers are still to be heard from. Boston, Chicago, Philadelphia, San Francisco, New Orleans, Cincinnati and the other centers of money in this country are practically unrepresented in the above list.

In Congress.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The greater part of the time of the senate during the present week will be consumed in the discussion of the finance committee's silver substitute for the bond bill. The most of the week in the house will be devoted to routine matters. As soon as the consideration of the rules is completed, the pension appropriation bill will be taken up. As quite a number of members desire to be heard on various matters connected with the administration of the pension office and various proposed reforms therein, it has been decided to allow ample time for debate, and it is not believed that the bill will be disposed of before Thursday. The appropriations committee has no other bill ready, and the remainder of the week will be devoted to such other matters was may be brought up.

American Magnanimity.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The Standard, the Conservative government organ, says in an editorial this morning: The cabinet on Saturday decided to publish the Venezuelan papers at the earliest possible moment. We gladly take this opportunity to bear testimony to the magnanimous attitude of the American nation to us at a time when communities less generous thought a favorable opportunity had arisen for adopting toward us a tone of insult, if not of menace. This conduct was worthy of the Americans, and has materially influenced Lord Salisbury's decision. The maintenance of friendship with America is always a first consideration with England. We say this to the American people with the absolute candor of deep-seated cordiality.

Looking Up Old Records.

CARACAS, Jan. 13.—President Crespo has appointed Rafael Seijas, Laureano Villanueva, Julian Viso March and Antonio Saluzzo a commission to search the libraries in Venezuela for old data regarding the Guiana boundary, in order to assist the United States commission. An anti-English meeting in Merida urged the government to immediately close Venezuelan ports to British subjects. The legislature for the states of Miranda and Zulia have approved President Crespo's decree making rebellion now treason, and have petitioned charges to enact a law making it so.

A LEGAL ABDUCTION.

Baby Pride Seized From Maternal Grandmother by a Sheriff.

LYNN, Mass., Jan. 13.—Walter M. Pride, unmindful of the legal struggle for his possession between father and mother-in-law, is enjoying his wee self behind iron-barred doors in the domicile of Deputy Sheriff Caswell in East Lynn.

His legal abduction from the residence of Mrs. Ellie Saunders, the mother-in-law, at 53 Cherry street, Saturday evening, by the sheriff, assisted by Harry Browning of Waltham, has caused considerable comment. The father, William F. Pride, did not have a hand in the affair, and at present he is at his home in Farmington, N. H.

Sheriff Caswell, in explaining his action, said that he had a writ from the supreme court of Boston to seize the 2-year-old heir of Pride and produce him in court Tuesday morning so that the law might determine who really ought to have the child, the father or the mother-in-law.

He visited the residence of the mother-in-law at 53 Cherry street, and not finding her in, he asked Mr. Browning to help him in the search. They found two babies in a room up stairs, and Mr. Browning was able to identify his youthful relative by the unmistakable features. An inmate of the house attempted to prevent the abduction, but the sheriff with his puny burden succeeded in making his escape to the street.

He was refused clothing for the child, so a blanket was secured, and in this the prize baby was most smothered. Arriving at the sheriff's home, the child was turned over to more gentle hands, and the heir to the Farmington shoemaker's wealth has now regained his cheery demeanor, and is as happy as a cricket.

Mrs. Saunders' Story.

It was rumored that an attempt was to be made by the mother-in-law to secure the child from the sheriff, but Mrs. Saunders denied that the idea ever entered her head. "I can prove," she said, "that Pride gave me that child to bring up. Walter was a tiny thing when I first took him, and now he enjoys the best of health.

"You see Pride, who is a New Hampshire man, married my daughter in Waltham in 1893, and she died during the following October. Pride came to me and asked me to take the baby, and I consented. For some time now he has been trying to get the baby back, but I will prevent it if I can."

From Mr. Browning, who is a brother-in-law of Mr. Pride, it was learned that the father attempted three months ago to obtain the child, but the infant was spirited away. The child was then traced to Boston and then to Medford. Last week it was learned that Mrs. Saunders was at 21 Bickford court, and here the sheriff first attempted to serve the writ, but she was not there.

Mrs. Saunders will appear in court tomorrow as a contestant for the child, and will be represented by ex-District Attorney H. F. Hurlbut of this city. Pride will be represented by Hon. B. B. Johnson of Waltham.

For Atwood to Consider.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—Rev. Frederick N. Upham, pastor of the Baker Memorial church, Dorchester, previous to beginning his sermon yesterday, spoke as follows, regarding Congressman Atwood's case: "The congressional district in which we live is at the present time represented at Washington by a man who has practically confessed himself guilty of a most serious breach of trust while an officer of the city of Boston in recent years. He no longer represents the intelligent, upright, law-abiding people of this district. The charges against him are far enough sustained to totally unfit him for the further performance of his duties at Washington. 'Down and out' is the only course left for this man. As he anticipated the verdict of the jury by withdrawing his suit, let him also anticipate the indignant verdict of the people at the polls by at once resigning."

An Awful Experience.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 13.—Ten days of suffering from cold and privation on a rocky bluff, during which time seven of the crew, including the captain and mate, met their deaths, the other mate and seamen met with terrible accidents, tells the tale of the wrecking of the big four-masted ship Jeanette Cowan, off Vancouver island, otherwise known as the boneyard of the Pacific ocean. This news was brought to this city yesterday by the tug Tyee, which had but a few hours before landed 14 members of the ill-fated crew at Port Townsend.

Extensive Repairs Needed.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Secretary Herbert has decided to put the battleship Texas out of commission, notwithstanding the recommendations of her commander, Captain Glass, that she be kept in commission, with a reduced crew, pending the repairs. Captain Glass will be given special duty in charge of the ship during repairs.

Horrors of War.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Late reports received here are to the effect that the heavy Abyssinian losses in the attack upon Makale, Jan. 8, when 10,000 natives were killed, were due to the explosion of mines laid by the Italians outside the fortifications.

Peruvian Strife.

LIMA, Jan. 13.—The enemies of the government and a number of gens d'armes, who had mutined, created a disturbance at Moquegua. The outbreak was suppressed promptly. Troops have gone to the support of the officials of the place.

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—OR—

MANN & ECCLES,
122 Mathewson Street, Providence, R. I.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

I take this method of thanking the members of the Masonic and Odd Fellows' lodges, and all others who have had finished or have in process of finishing, photos at Mr. Holloway's Studio, for the "degree of patience" and courteous treatment shown during the holiday rush, and trust all work has proved satisfactory. Mr. Holloway has engaged the services of an experienced photographic printer to assist me, and hereafter all work will be finished promptly. Holders of the D. A. Eldred orders may sit at any time (Sundays excepted).

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H. W. RANKIN, Operator.

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All Silk Ribbons, beautiful patterns, at 25 cents per yard.

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A Japanese Hand Warmer for only 15c.

All Wool Hose in black for ladies, 20c. a pair.
Men's Kid Working Gloves, 25c. a pair.
30 THAMES STREET. MRS. RODDAN.

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of those upholstered Arm Chairs just made ready for cover. Secure one at once. They are just right.
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—AND—

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My 35c. Java and Mocha Coffee, 3 lbs. for $1.00, can not be equalled at the price in this city.

Good Java 3 1-2 lbs. for $1.00.

Gillies' Java and Mocha Screenings 25c., 4 1-2 lbs. for $1.

Molasses 45c., 35c. and 25c. per gallon.

Granulated Sugar by the barrel at wholesale prices.

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Espanola, Democratas, 25s, per box
Henry Clay, Bouquet Royal, 25s, per box,
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JOHN B. DEBLOIS.

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Dutch Cocoa

Is highly recommended for its Perfect Purity, Its invigorating properties and perfect digestibility, Its uncommon strength, and the ease with which it is prepared makes it the most economical cocoa to buy.

1-4 pound tins, - 20c.
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New Orleans Molasses,

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20 BROADWAY, Near State House.

We are making a specialty of Virginia oysters in every style.
Table board by the week.
D. B. ALLEN, Proprietor.

IN WIDE VARIETY.

al Entertainments of Many Sorts During the Week.

variety of entertainments will be offered people of Newport this week, including ecture by Bishop Vincent, with a musical ertainment, at Masonic Hall, Tuesday ning; the musical comedy, "The Twentieth tury Girl," for the benefit of Newport helave, No. 39, Knights of Sherwood rest, at the Opera House, Wednesday even- ; the last in the series of chamber concerts, Masonic Hall, Friday evening; the regular ly meeting of the Unity Club, Tuesday ning, and the regular meeting of the Nat- l History Society, with a paper by Miss ior, this evening.

Le burlesque, "The Twentieth Century ," which is to be given at the Opera se Wednesday evening for the benefit of wport Conclave, No. 39, Knights of Sher- d Forest, has undergone a considerable ision since it was presented last season. re is no doubt that this popular m of amusement has taken a ng hold on theatre-goers, and Mana- Frederick Hallen, who directs the erpuise, has left nothing to be desired from acting standpoint. He has engaged for production a company of players of un- ual merit, prominent among whom a re lly Fuller (in the title role), John T. Kelly d Gus Williams, two stars who have been ld of respectively as the best exponents "Irish" and "Dutch" character on the erican stage.

he subject of the lecture by Bishop Vin- t, for the benefit of the music fund of the ntral Baptist Church, will be "Tom and his kers," which promises to prove exceed- y interesting. It is described as "full of and wisdom." Bishop Vincent is the d of the Chautauqua movement, and is one the best lecturers on the platform. At the e of the lecture the quartette of the Cen- Baptist Church will give a musical con- t, so that there will be two entertainments one.

The last in the chamber concerts under the nagement of Mr. Irving P. Irons will be en by the Adamowski Quartette, of which . T. Adamowski, the celebrated violin- , is the leader, and which is regarded as one the best stringed quartettes in America . Irons will be the soloist.

Olga Nethersole is to play a week's engage- ent at the Providence Opera House, begin- ng tonight, when "Camille" will be pre- nted; tomorrow and Saturday evenings Denise" will be the attraction, and "Car- n" the remainder of the week. At Keith's us Heege will present the comedy, "Rush ry," at Lothrop's the stock company will duce the melodrama, "Hoop of Gold," d at the Westminster Fred Rider's New ght Owls Burlesquers will be seen.

Mr. E. H. Sothern will give Boston its first w of "The Prisoner of Zenda" at the Mu- um this evening, "the Great Diamond bbery" will have its first Boston presenta- on at the Columbia, Aubrey Boucicault will o duce "The Shaugraun" at the Bowdoin quare, Mrs. Potter and Mr. Bellew will esent "Charlotte Corday" and "Camille" at e Hollis Street, Primrose and West's min- rels will be seen at the Boston, Hoyt's "A outented Woman" will be at the Park, Fran- Wilson will give Sir Arthur Sullivan's era, "The Chieftain," at the Tremont, and Faust" will be seen at the Castle Square.

The report that Maud Adams will star next ason is officially denied.

Charles Frohman is paying dramatic writers royalties alone $5,000 every week.

Hoyt & McKee have arranged to send "A ip to Chinatown" to Australia for an ex- nded run.

Julia Marlowe Taber and Robert Taber will e at the Hollis Street Theatre, Boston, early February. Their Shakespearian novelty r the present season is "Henry IV."

Primrose and West, the veteran minstrels, e to celebrate their silver anniversary at the adison Square Garden, New York, March 9, d are making great preparations for it.

For the London production of "Shore es," James A. Herne intends taking over s entire American company. The scenery d properties will be prepared from models de by the great scenic artist, Homer E. ens.

Madame Emma Eames has been engaged by Augustus Harris as one of his prima donne the next grand opera season in London. e is now adding to her repertoire the operas Gioconda," "Aida," "Mefistofele" and the Huguenots."

It is understood that Mme. Modjeska will e seen again next season; at all events she is ported to have another play in preparation. is season has been the best she has played ce 1881, and it would be a shame to quit hile the public still cares for one.

Miss Leonora Jackson, a young American olinist, was the soloist of the first orches- l concert given this winter at the Royal hool of Music in Berlin, where she played ith brilliant success the second concerto of ieniawski. Dr. Joachim conducted.

Odette Tyler, who is to begin her starring ar Easter Monday, in "The Councillor's ife," under Charles Frohman's direction, ill remain with "The Gay Parisians" roughout that play's engagements in Brook- n, Washington, Baltimore and Boston.

Richard Mansfield is not to retire from the age. He has a long repertoire in prepara- on. Tuesday he will produce his dramatiza- on of "The Red Robe," the first of the Stan- y Weyman ventures, in New Orleans, and t Chicago March 10 he will have another w play ready.

The new Henry Arthur Jones play, "Mich- l and His Lost Angel," that was to have ad its first presentation at the Empire Thea- e, New York, last Wednesday, will not be en until next Wednesday, owing to the fact hat the English presentation will not be ready efore that time, and it is the desire to make e two productions contemporaneous.

The drama constructed by Augustus homas and Edward Townsend on the Chimmie Fadden" sketches was given a trial epresentation before a number of New York anagers, actors and journalists in New ork a few nights ago, and the universal erdict seemed to be that it was destined to qual the success achieved by "Trilby."

Miss Minnie Palmer, who is playing an en- agement at the Lyceum at Baltimore, an- ounced Thursday night that she will be arried May 15 in London to the Duke Estrella of Navarre, whom she met at Trou- ille last summer. After the wedding she ntends to retire from the stage. The duke is hirty-five years old, and is said to be wealthy.

Hank Paddock, as he was familiarly known n the theatrical profession, died a few days go, almost destitute. He was both the man- ger and husband of Maggie Mitchell when hat clever actress was in her prime. He was, erhaps, as much entitled to the money that as made as she was. But somehow or other ll got into her hands, and when she left im and married Charles Abbott, Hank Pad- ock didn't have a penny. The misfortune roke his spirit, and he didn't amount to uch after that.

The Bostonians announce a radical depart- re from the principle on which they have op- rated since their organization, now many ears ago. Hitherto they have presented the rdinary comic operas, and for the past few ears almost exclusively the work of mericans. It is now announced that egotiations are in progress between esnet, composer of "Esclarmonde" and "La Navarraise," and Mascagni, com- poser of "Cavalleria Rusticana," for new operas on the line of true opera comique. W. H. MacDonald is to sail for Europe early in June to conclude arrangements. The man- agement already has the manuscripts of the new operas in possession, and in the near future will produce them.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mrs. Theodore A. Havemeyer is visiting her daughter, Mrs. John Mayer, at Mahwah, N. J.

—It is understood that Bishop Potter of New York will not rent his Newport cottage next season.

—No arrests have been made by the police since last Tuesday. This is considered an almost unequalled record.

—The officers-elect of Ocean Lodge, No. 7, Ancient Order of United Workmen, will be installed Thursday evening.

—The members of engine company No. 4 and their friends, to the number of about sixty, will have a turkey supper at the engine house tonight.

—Some maliciously inclined boys broke one of the windows of George W. Smith's bicycle store in the Read building on Thames street Saturday night.

—Grand Warden Ormiston and his board of officers will make an official visit to Malbone Lodge, No. 93, New England Order of Protection, Wednesday.

—The New York Telegram says: "Mr. P. J. Galvin, the distinguished Newport lawyer, has come to New York for the winter season, and is at the Hotel Plaza."

—It is stated upon fair authority that "Marble House" is for sale, and that the price asked is $700,000, an extremely low figure, considering the fact that the site alone cost $210,000.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Lawton will celebrate their silver wedding tonight. In order to enlarge the capacity of the house the piazzas will be enclosed. Music will be furnished by the Newport orchestra.

—In the near future Mr. F. B. Coggeshall will erect a fine block on the site of the present building on the Young estate, which he recently purchased, on the north corner of Washington square and Thames street.

—The remains of the late Edward Mayer, who died at Mahwah, N. J., last week, were interred here yesterday. The body was accompanied by his sons, Mr. John Mayer and Mr. Lloyd Mayer. The deceased had been living at Mahwah for several years.

—The officers for the ensuing term of Ulidia Lodge, No. 314, D. O. H., were installed yesterday by Deputy Grand Warden Uhlrich of Pawtucket, assisted by District Deputy Caspar Hill and a number of other members of the Grand Lodge of the state. A collation followed the installation.

ADDITIONAL JURORS DRAWN.

A special meeting of the board of aldermen was held Saturday afternoon, to draw additional jurors to serve at the several terms of the supreme court until July 1 next, when a new list will be drawn. Last June twenty grand and forty petit jurors were drawn, to be called upon for service as needed during the ensuing year. Of this number ten of the grand and three of the petit jurors remain, and the court ordered a new drawing, and to provide a number which ought to be sufficient fifteen additional grand jurors and seventy-five petit jurors were drawn. Mayor Boyle presided, and the full board was present to make the drawings, which were as follows:

Grand—Patrick F. Martin, Robert C. Elbs, John Kelly, Henry H. Smith, Theodore G. Swan, Edward O. Riggs, Clinton P. Morehouse, Sylvester W. Marden, Edward A. Johnson, Gideon P. Irwin, Augustus M. Bailey, George R. Logan, Herbert L. Dyer, Thomas Hamilton, Patrick J. Nolan.

Petit—John Sullivan, Bradford Gay, Hugh L. Willoughby, James M. Leddy, Frank W. Merrill, Robert L. Dring, John H. Finn, Soren Morgensen, John W Dunwell, Patrick Canole, Gustave C. Lundgren, John H. Moran, William H. Sherman, Benjamin Waldron, James C. Potter, Frederick B Coggeshall, William H. Shields, Patrick Hayes, Fred W. Winsor, George A. Payne, Patrick Murphy, John Booth, Michael J. Butler, Frank H. Holt, William Hamilton, Nathaniel Wilson, James R. Christie, John O'Neill, William B. West, John Ireys, Matthew Commerford, John B. DeBlois, Andrew B. Almon, John Moran, William S. Hazard, Albert G. Groff, Richard B. Scott, Albert L. Tozier, Jonas Elins, William Fallon, Henry W. Ball, William A. Jackson, William J. Berry, Joshua Hammond, Andrew Johnson, John J. Cooney, Vincent M. P. Pinto, Alphonso Barker, James P. Whitford, John Connor, Peter Schneider, Benjamin T. Tew, Frederic W. Rhinelander, John Fenton, Benjamin Easton, Jr., George W. Wright, Frank P. James, Thomas J. O'Neill, Stephen Hudson, James Moran, Jr., Allan D. Weaver, James S. Hazard, John Cremin, John Collins, David Stevens, John V. Hammett, Michael Berrigan, Peter W. Townsend, John J. Murphy, George E. Anthony, William Gash, James Stevenson, Michael F. Linehan, John N. Griswold, William R. Landers.

JAPANESE PERCEPTION IN NAVAL MATTERS.

Jomini divides the science of war into six branches, beginning with "diplomacy, or statesmanship in its relation to war." It is here where the naval strategist and the statesman at the head of a navy meet on common ground. In military governments the two are often combined in one person. But even where this obtains, the varied and exacting demands upon the time and attention of a minister of marine, in the transaction of the ordinary business routine of his office, are incompatible with the military duties of the naval strategist. It has been justly observed, in this connection, by one of our own Secretaries of the Navy, that "the inevitable result of throwing large executive duties upon any man is to disqualify him for council."

Therefore, to assist in the discharge of the most important functions—those pertaining to the military branch of the department—there is generally assigned to the aid of the minister of marine a naval general staff, having at its head as chief an officer of rank and recognized ability. It is due to their early perception of the wisdom of such a division of labor that the Japanese owe, to a very large extent, their recent successes. The victories of the Yalu and Wei-hai-wei were the natural fruits of a long course of preparation, which could not have been originated and so faithfully carried on, as all accounts show them to have been, by a minister of marine alone or by a naval strategist alone, but only by the united efforts of both. It is not surprising, therefore, to find that the force of naval organization suggested by theory, and carried into practice by the great naval powers, is the one adopted in the main by Japan. It is there that will be found, most distinctly marked, the line separating the civil from the military duties of the navy department.—[Admiral S. B. Luce, U. S. N., in North American Review.

The new leaf that was turned over begins to look like the same old leaf.—[New Orleans Picayune.

TOMORROW IS TOO FAR AWAY.

Tomorrow is too far away!
A bed of spice the garden is,
Nor bud nor blossom that we miss:
The roses tremble on the stem,
The violets and anemones!
Why should we wait to gather them?
Their bloom and balm are ours today,
Tomorrow—who can say?

Tomorrow is too far away,
Why should we slight the joy complete,
The flower open at our feet?
For us today the robin sings,
His curved flight the swallow wings,
For us the happy moments stay,
Stay yet, nor leave us all too fleet!
For life is sweet and youth is sweet,
And love—ah, love is sweet today,
Tomorrow—who can say?

—[Jane Cobrith.

FANCIES.

It was the Shanghai hen that originated the custom of sitting on China eggs.—[Truth.

"By Jove—that Miss Wilkington's a superb creature, hah. I'll have to get my man to write a sonnet to her."—[Harper's Bazar.

Haverly—What was all that disturbance at old Murital's golden wedding?

Austen—It was caused by a Colorado man who had come under the impression that it was a silver one.—[Brooklyn Life.

First Citizen—I don't think it is our business; but I feel sure that England isn't entitled to the territory she claims from Venezuela.

Second Citizen—Why do you think so?

First Citizen—If she was, she'd claim more.—[Puck.

Aunt Dorothy—How many commandments are there, Johnny?

Johnny (glibly)—Ten.

Aunt Dorothy—And now, suppose you were to break one of them?

Johnny (tentatively)—Then there'd be nine.—[Truth.

"My son's getting a collection of coins," said Farley; "and we're all having quite a rest, for he's so much interested that it keeps him quite quiet."

"My son's also getting a collection of coins," answered Hawley; "but he keeps us in a constant state of commotion. You see, he swallows his."—[Harper's Bazar.

Mrs. Skinner (the boarding-house keeper)—Mr. Hall Rume, you have been here four weeks, and you have not paid me a cent of board yet.

Mr. Hall Rume (in apparent surprise)—Why, Mrs. Skinner, when I came here you told me I was to make myself perfectly at home!

Mrs. Skinner—I know I did.

Mr. Hall Rume—Well, I never paid board when I was at home.—[Puck.

PERSONALS.

....Dr. D. K. Pearson of Chicago has just sent to Mount Holyoke College the first half of the gift of $50,000 which he recently made to the college.

....Advices from the British Ashantee expedition say that Prince Henry of Battenberg, who accompanied the expedition, is suffering from a slight attack of fever and has returned from the front to the headquarters of the expedition, in charge of a surgeon.

In connection with this subject the Frankfort Zeitung renews the story that Emperor William, in the event of the death of the queen, will claim the throne of the United Kingdom and prepare to enforce his rights by force of arms. As a believer in the divine right of kings, he would not regard an adverse decision on his claim by Parliament.

....The Westminster Gazette, commenting on the relations between the German emperor and the British royal family, says that these relations are offensive. He uses the imperative in his intercourse with all his relations in England and Germany, and holds himself to be the head of the family, next to the queen. As the son of the British princess royal, he always contends that he is heir to the British throne.

....Brass plates bearing appropriate inscriptions now mark the sites of the pews in old Christ Church, Philadelphia, once occupied by Betsy Ross, maker of the first American flag; Francis Hopkinson and his son, Joseph Hopkinson, author of the national hymn, "Hail, Columbia;" the Penn family, Benjamin Franklin, and George and Martha Washington.

....Colonel North, the English nitrate king, has bought up one of the King of Belgium's estates, the castle and domain of Ardenne. The property extends to sixteen thousand acres, and affords splendid shooting. The colonel will have the king for a neighbor there, as the shooting box of the Clergnon, which was a favorite resort of his father and crowns a rock within sight of Ardenne, does not form part of the transfer.

....M. Sylvain, a well known French actor, is in financial trouble, arising from his curious mania for re-arranging and re-furnishing his villa. He is never satisfied with his house or its surroundings. Once he turned his garden into a huge pond for the delectation of a colony of cormorants, his favorite birds, and a few months later he dismantled a handsome dining room on the first floor and had it reconstructed on the ground floor.

....Mrs. Catharine Parr Traill, now in her ninety-third year, the only living sister of Agnes Strickland, is living on the banks of the Otonabee, at Lakefield, Ontario, Canada. She is an enthusiastic naturalist, and each summer spends some weeks at her island home, "Minnewawa" (Wind-among-the-Pines), on Stony Lake, from which the Otonabee flows. Her last volume, "Pearls and Pebbles," contains a sketch of her early days in England, and later, in "this fair Canada," her adopted home.

....The difficulty of getting a fairly good likeness of Queen Victoria increases every year. For one thing, Her Majesty is proverbially impatient of the camera, and absolutely refuses to pose longer than a few seconds. Then there is the difficulty of making her look as tall as possible, and, besides all this, the photographer who has been "commanded" never knows up to the last moment when or where Her Majesty will consent to receive him and "be taken." On the other hand, the Princess of Wales makes the most gracious and interested of sitters.

....It is not often, even in England, that three generations of one family sit in Parliament at the same time. This is the case, however, with one family, since Lord Wankworth was chosen to represent the South Kensington (London) district in the House of Commons. His grandfather, the Earl of Northumberland, now eighty-five years old is naturally a member of the House of Lords, while his father, Lord Percy, represents the Berwick district in the House of Commons. Lord Wankworth is only twenty-four years old.

NEW YORK'S FREE BATHS.

The New York plan for free public baths is coming on famously. Five hundred public bathrooms for the convenience of men, women and children will be open all the year round, securing absolute privacy for individual bathers. By legislative authorization an appropriation for the construction of seven public bath-houses was secured; that was the way they managed in New York. When completed, the attendants will be city employes. It is proposed to charge a nominal fee for a nap, but there will be no charge for towels or water. It is said that there is to be an effort to introduce public laundries, also, in New York. Thus the metropolis moves on in the line of progress indicated by British cities, Manchester, Birmingham, Glasgow, etc., in establishing free public baths on such a scale that every citizen and his child can keep clean in winter as well as in summer. The twentieth century will undoubtedly see great strides for the soap-and-water mission in all Anglo-Saxon, reform and soap-loving countries.

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All goods are manufactured from DISTILLED Water. Agent for Sparkling Phosa and English Hop Bitter Ale, non-intoxicating, an article of merit, pure and wholesome.

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Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpareil type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half of these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes must be of solid metal: "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job printing office. All orders for work in this department will be promptly filled and at reasonable prices.

Newport Daily News

SATURDAY, JANUARY 11, 1896.

Subscribers who fail to receive their papers regularly and in good condition should immediately make complaint to the office of publication. Carriers are forbidden to roll or twist papers and throw them upon premises, but are instructed to deposit them in fair condition, according to the wishes of subscribers. Carriers are also forbidden to have other boys with them on the routes, without permission from the office, and are not allowed to sell papers.

SALISBURY'S WAY OUT.

It is quite possible that England will cut the ground from under our feet in matters relating to Venezuela, and dispose of the South American question without especial reference to what the United States has to say about it. Should Great Britain and the South American republic, through diplomacy, arrange their difficulties and agree upon a boundary line to mutual satisfaction, President Cleveland's message, the resolutions passed by Congress and the appointment of our notable commission will seemingly go for naught—and yet all be well.

The story is told that on one occasion a Venezuela commissioner to London offered to sell out his government for the modest sum of £100. The price might be higher now, but such a result could undoubtedly be reached for a mere bagatelle of what it would cost to go to war. The Monroe doctrine could not possibly be made to so apply in such a case as to justify our interference. Venezuela as an independent and sovereign nationality can do what she will with her own, and not even our boldest jingoist will claim that she cannot adjust her boundaries without our consent. If an arrangement is made with which she is satisfied, that is the end of it. The Monroe doctrine applies only in cases where Europeans seek to take advantage of the weaker governments on this continent by seizing their territory and interfering with their autonomy.

It is to be hoped that the questions at issue may be settled peacefully. Our hasty action puts Lord Salisbury in a position where he is called upon to back down or fight, and he can have no desire to do either. To pass us by altogether, compromise with Venezuela, and settle the vexed question by a treaty of amity, would enable the haughty premier to escape from the difficulty without going back on his record, and it is more than probable that this will be the outcome of the whole affair.

THE ENGLISH SUCCESSION.

People like to be muddled or there would be no call for such confused and aimless editorials as those setting forth the claims of the German Emperor to the throne of England. The New York Tribune has one in which it gravely discusses the probability of the rocky William seating himself in Victoria's place at her death. It goes on to say that "there are no definite laws in Great Britain concerning the succession. Thus no account was taken of the daughters of King George III, who were obliged to make way for their younger brothers, whereas, on the other hand, Queen Victoria, who was an only daughter of one of these younger sons of the King, ascended the throne instead of her father's younger brother, the Duke of Cumberland. And, going further back in history, we find that on the death of King Henry VIII he was succeeded by his young son, Edward VI, the latter's elder sisters, Mary and Elizabeth, following on afterward."

Now there are definite laws in Great Britain regarding the succession, and the accurate information given by the Tribune to prove the contrary bears them out fully. It is first the eldest son of the monarch and his children, sons first and daughters second. This line failing, the other sons and their descendants come next, and not until these lines are exhausted the daughters are taken up, the oldest first. Thus George IV leaving no children, his brother next in age succeeded him, and, leaving no children in his turn, the child of the next brother came to the throne, and so we have Victoria upon the throne, because, though sons of her grandfather lived, she was descended from an older son.

Queen Victoria's heir, in the same fashion, is her eldest son, the Prince of Wales, and after him his descendants. The Duke of Edinburgh and his descendants come next, then the Duke of Connaught and his descendants, followed by the descendants of the deceased Duke of Albany. After this veritable host of heirs comes not the present Emperor of Germany but his hearty and healthy mother, the Empress Frederick, who, if the law of England was different, and made daughters equal with sons instead of only second choice, would still precede her offspring. And those who know the Empress Frederick feel sure that if she ever gets in sight of the position of heir presumptive to the English throne she will set her son down so hard if he attempts to override her that the earth will tremble.

There have been cases in English history where princesses took precedence over brothers, and even over a father, but this means that there was a revolution. For nearly two hundred years now there has not been a timple concerning the succession, which has come straight down from monarch to heir in either lineal or collateral lines according to the definite laws of Great Britain. Back of this time there was a break when fifty-seven persons in the line of succession were set aside for the fifty eighth, the Electress Sophia, descent from whom gives Queen Victoria her present place. The woman who would be there, if the line had not been broken then, is at present living in a corner of the Wittelsbach palace in Munich, and rearing twelve children in the most economical manner allowed to princesses of little wealth. After the deaths of crazy King Otto and the present Regent of Bavaria she will become a queen-consort of a very different realm than her successful cousin Victoria rules.

The Salic law—now almost obsolete—debarring women from the succession, started in unchivalrous Germany. Queen Isabella upset it in Spain, and Don Carlos fails to right it again though it is not for lack of trying. France is rightfully punished for continuing such an insult to the gentle sex. She has lost all concern in laws of succession. Elsewhere, except in some of the smaller kingdoms, both sexes have rights to the throne, the princesses coming in when male heirs fail.

There is one thing, however, that no woman can be, and that is an heir apparent. Her title when she stands next a throne is heir presumptive, as would be the title of a brother of the King who occupied the same position. An heir apparent must be one with whose claims no contingency can interfere.

SPAIN AND CUBA.

The Spaniards in America have always been hard task-masters and exceedingly cruel. They took possession of Cuba as long ago as 1511, making slaves of the natives so far as possible, and so oppressing and abusing them as to lead almost to their extermination.

From that day to this she has kept her grip on the island, though sometimes at great cost of property and life. In her wars with France Havana has been twice captured by the French and practically destroyed, first in 1534 and then in 1554. But her greatest troubles have come from internal dissensions. Again and again there have been uprisings on the part of the oppressed and outbreaks somewhat similar to that now in progress. These have cost Spain much blood and treasure, so that it is doubtful if on the whole Cuba has been of value to the "mother" country.

The present revolution broke out in February of last year. The beginning was little more than a riot, apparently, and seemed to lack nearly all the elements essential to success. It was without leadership, arms, ammunition and men, and was in no sense general. But as the government failed to put down what it deemed a mere mob at the beginning, the contagion spread from one locality to another, until it has penetrated throughout the whole island, and now bids fair to succeed. The Spanish army cannot induce the "rebels" to fight a pitched battle, and therein lies the strength of the insurgents. They go about in bands, destroy the great sugar plantations of their enemies, burn towns, and create desolation wherever possible. This cuts off the supplies, harrasses the Spanish troops, and so prolongs operations that the foreign soldiers die off from diseases peculiar to the climate, and are slowly but surely made the victims of the raiders and filibusters, who come and go at will.

This process is nothing new in the history of Cuba. The attempted revolution of 1868 proceeded in much the same way, and lasted ten years, when peace was restored through the promise of reforms on the part of the Spanish government, which never came. The outbreak in 1848 was of much the same character, and in each of these cases it cost more to retain Cuba as a Spanish dependency than the island could possibly be worth to the Spanish throne. But Castilian pride was, and still is, mighty as well as vindictive and cruel. Poor Spain! It is now about all that is left of her past greatness and glory, and the sooner the decayed sovereignty yields to the march of progress the better.

No one knows or can know just what is now going on in Cuba. The reports are contradictory and in many cases absurd, but out of them all it is apparent that the insurrectionists are making steady progress. The field of operations has been much enlarged and the patriot forces are steadily increasing. The uprising has the sympathy of the outside world, and especially of the people of the United States, from which, surreptitiously, much assistance has been afforded. The weakness of Spain was never more conspicuously exhibited than in this prolonged struggle, and the sooner she calls her forces home, the better will it be for her fortunes and her fame. What will become of Cuba in case of her independence no one can tell.

AFRAID OF CLEVELAND.

In speaking of the involved condition of affairs in Washington, Walter Wellman writes: "The most significant thing under the surface in the Senate is the fright of the Republican leaders. They are actually becoming afraid of Mr. Cleveland. They are fearful lest he carry the business men and the money power of the country with him on the financial question. Mr. Gorman, who hates Mr. Cleveland but does not permit his hatred to blind his judgment, has already warned the Republicans that unless they look sharp the President will cut the ground out from under them. 'You must do something or the old man will beat you yet,' said Mr. Gorman the other day to a number of Republican leaders. 'He is catching the business men, the men of capital, the men of affairs. He has already caught the masses with his jingo. First thing you know he will gather in the churches by a raid on the unspeakable Turk. Then where will you be? Unless you can give the country some evidence of your capacity to legislate wisely on the finances, the man in the White House will eat you up next year.'"

SUMMER TOURISTS.

Should there be war in Europe, foreign travel would be greatly restricted. An exchange says: "We do not look for war between Great Britain and Germany, but if unhappily there should be, it would interfere seriously with the running of the trans-atlantic ferry between the United States and Europe, so making it inconvenient for our tourists to enjoy their summer on the other side. With the German ports blockaded by a British fleet, and German cruisers looking after English liners, there would be a suspension of traffic across the ocean amounting almost to its abolition, even if the two governments did not at once make cruisers of the best of the great passenger ships. If France became involved, the 'French' line would be suspended also, leaving only the American line to carry on the traffic across the Atlantic. Such a situation as this would be a costly one to us, for the war would not last long enough for us to get the carrying trade into our own hands." There is no point of observation from which war in this age is not barbarous and destructive.

This is pleasant winter weather, but it is to be hoped that the cold will be sufficient to furnish an ice crop, the harvesting of which puts six or seven thousand dollars into the hands of working people who just now have nothing else to do. It will also save to consumers two or three times that sum next summer.

The funeral of Rev. J. B. Husted, formerly of Newport, whose death has been reported, was attended at Watertown, Mass., by more than eight hundred persons. It was solemnized Saturday, when he was buried by the side of his late wife, who was also ninety-one years old at the time of her death.

The number of Armenians slain at Harpoot is put down at 15,845. It was not supposed that such a monstrous slaughter could occur in these days. Taken altogether, it is not certain that the world is so much better than it used to be, as many have supposed.

The New York Sun is becoming enthusiastic, in its way, for Secretary Olney as the next Democratic candidate for the Presidency. Dana is fond of Massachusetts men. He used to praise Ben Butler as one of the greatest and best of the whole crowd.

The Brockton Times thinks that "it would be interesting to know just what the members of the United States Senate candidly think that body amounts to as at present constituted." It is easy to see what the country thinks about it.

The story of the illness of Rev. Joseph Cook appears to have been overdrawn. It is now said that though broken down physically his mind is not seriously affected, and that he is likely to so far recover as to be able to resume work.

Street Commissioner Hamilton entered upon his duties today, but it seemed to have no effect upon the streets. There are some things which even a street commissioner cannot control.

President Eliot of Harvard and Susan B. Anthony are having something of a war of words. Dr. Eliot claims that Susan has misquoted him to his disadvantage.

The Memphis Appeal defines Populism as "a combination of born fool and high fever." There are, of course, some Populists it doesn't fit. And there are others.

Another battle has been fought in Cuba. We must give the subject a second hearing before deciding which side won. The Cubans claim the victory.

England is finding out that she is not so popular among the nations as she thought. In fact, her friends are few and far between.

The Indiana, now in our harbor, is probably the most powerful warship that ever entered Narragansett bay.

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On the
Solid Basis
Of Pure, Rich,
Red Blood,
Health
Is real and lasting.
Opiate Compounds, Narcotics
And Nerve Stimulants are
Temporary and Dangerous.

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Builds permanent
Good Health
Because it
Purifies, Vitalizes
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Cures Scrofula, Catarrh,
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Dyspepsia. Try it.

Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. $1.

Hood's Pills the after-dinner pill and family cathartic. 25c.

SKATES,

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We shall close out our remaining stock of skates at low prices. Call early and get your size.

EDWARD GRIFFITH,

148 Thames Street.

PICTURE FRAMING,

MAT Cutting, Passepartouts.

. HART, 5 Cotton's Court,

Rear of 302 Thames Street.

BELIEFS ABOUT EELS.

Many Curious Theories to Explain Their Origin.

In the midst of much dry-as-dust information and many drier-than-dust figures relating to the larval or post-larval development of the brain of the lesser sand eel, to hermaphroditism in the cod, to the spawning period of the armed bullhead and the vitality of its eggs, and to other topics of a similarly hair-raising character, the third part, recently issued, of the thirteenth annual report of the Fishery Board for Scotland contains papers on two or three points of interest to others besides biologists.

In a paper on the hatching and rearing of food fishes, it is stated that during 1894 and down to July of 1895, the total number of fry distributed from the Dunbar hatchery for sea fish was 72,785,000, of which 61,675,000 were plaice. The number of cod hatched was 2,790,000, and of turbot 3,800,000, this being the first time (to the knowledge of the board) that the eggs of the last named have been hatched at any hatchery.

The papers on the influence of marine currents in transporting floating eggs and larvae from off-shore spawning areas, on the life histories and development of the food fishes, and on the long and valuable series of physical investigations ought to appeal to all who are concerned with the maintenance of our supply of sea fish.

More valuable as tending to the elucidation of a subject wrapped very much in mystery is Mr. Williamson's elaborate paper on the reproduction of the common eel. Mr. Williamson gives a very full account of the reproductive organs, both as described by other naturalists and as observed by himself in a number of specimens examined at St. Andrews; and the paper includes a description of the migrations of the eel and all that has been ascertained about its spawning.

It is a remarkable fact that the ripe egg of the eel has never yet been discovered. Some funny beliefs have been held at different times as to the genesis of this very slippery creature. Aristotle said it sprang from what he called the "entrails of the earth." Pliny the Elder said: "They rub themselves against the rocks, and their scrapings come to life." Gesner thought the opinion as to their generation in the putrid carcasses of dead horses was quite a rational one. A German sage, forty years ago, stated seriously that they owed their existence to electrical phenomena. People are still found in England who believe they are "evoluted" horsehairs; and not long ago one pretentious gentleman gave this recipe for their manufacture: "Cut up two turfs covered with May dew and lay one upon the other, the grassy sides inward, and in this way expose them to the heat of the sun; in a few hours there will spring from them an infinite quantity of eels."

In Sardinia the fishermen cling to the belief that the so called water beetle is the progenitor of the eel, and an Englishman has written a small book to prove the same hypothesis. There can be no reasonable doubt, however, that this fish is oviparous and spawns just as other fish do. Plentiful though our lack of knowledge is regarding it, this much at least we have learned. The notion appears to be very widespread that the eel, like the lamprey only spawns once and then dies.—[Pall Mall Gazette.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by two respectable women: one for laundry work and the other for sewing and mending. Address Box 45, Daily News Office.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—To assist in general housework, a Swede who has recently arrived in this country. Apply 227 Broadway.

GENERAL WANTS.

WANTED.

Horses to Board for Winter.

Large, light, well-ventilated box stalls, 11x10 feet. Spring water. Best of care. Paddocks for exercising. Horses met at Wickford Landing, Wickford, on 24 hours' notice. Correspondence and inspection invited. Address Locust Hollow Farm, East Greenwich, R. I.

TENEMENTS, FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD.

WANTED—Board in a private house, by a family of four children, father and nurse. Oldest child nine, youngest four. Place must be north of postoffice and have modern conveniences. Address C., Box 11, Daily News Office, stating terms, accommodations, location, etc.

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Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,
(Organist and Musical Director Central Congregational Church, Providence.)
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Piano Instruction and Accompanying.
1 School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

EDGAR L. FULMER,
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Instruction in Piano, Organ and Harmony.

STUDIO, 76 DIVISION STREET.

Mr. Edward Y. Mason,
Instruction in Organ, Piano and Harmony.
Pupils received in Newport from Monday to Thursday of each week.
Special attention given to beginners.
STUDIO 53 SPRING STREET.
Accompanist.

HARRY K. HOWARD,
(Pupil of Emil Mollenhaur, Boston).
TEACHER OF VIOLIN.
7 EXTENSION STREET.
Agency for Newport Band, Mr. W. H. Apelles, Leader.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

AT A MEETING of the Board of License Commissioners of the City of Newport, held Tuesday, December 24, 1895, the following named person made application for liquor license under the provisions of Chapter 86 of the Public Statutes of Rhode Island, to sell pure, spirituous, intoxicating and malt liquors within the limits of the city, viz.:

PATRICK SHEEHAN, No. 8 Duke street.

The Board of License Commissioners will be in session at their office in the Mercury building on Tuesday, January 14, 1896, at 2 o'clock P. M., when opportunity will be given for remonstrances to be heard before acting upon said application or granting license under it.

Published by order of the License Commissioners.
E. W. HIGBEE, Clerk.

Robes and Blankets.
SLEIGH BELLS:
Strings from $1 up. Shaft from 15c. up.
HENRY BIESEL & SONS,
256 & 258 Thames Street.
Repairing.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13, 8 A. M.—For New England—Fair, with slight changes in temperature tonight and Tuesday; westerly winds.

FOR BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, Jan. 13, 8 A. M.—Local forecast for Boston and vicinity until Tuesday night—Fair; slightly colder; west winds.

WEATHER SYNOPSIS.

The weak disturbance which passed over northeastern sections yesterday gave light precipitation in nearly all parts of the New England states. Fair conditions now prevail in all districts, without indication of storm formation. A moderate cold wave overspreads the western lake region and the greater portion of the territory between the Mississippi river and the Rockies. Temperatures are a few degrees below zero throughout Minnesota, and but slightly above that figure in the Dakotas and Montana, while freezing weather extends southward to central Texas. This cold will probably be much modified before arriving here. New England skies are in general clear. Morning temperatures: Northfield, Vt., and Portland, 22; Boston, 26; Nantucket, 32; Eastport, 31.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

Jan. 13.	8 A. M.	12 M.	2 P. M.
Temperature,	30	33	33
Barometer,	29.93	29.95	29.97
Wind,	W	W	W
Weather,	Clear	Clear	Fair

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

MONDAY, JANUARY 13.

Sun rises	7 h 12 m
Sun sets	4 h 31 m
Moon rises A. M.	6 h 38 m
Length of day	9 h 22 m
Day's increase	0 h 18 m

TUESDAY, JANUARY 14.

Sun rises	7 h 12 m
Sun sets	4 h 36 m
Moon sets P. M.	– h — m
Length of day	9 h 24 m
Day's increase	0 h 20 m

Moon's Phases.

New Moon, Jan. 14, 5 h 19 m, P. M., W.
First Quarter, Jan. 22, 9 h 42 m, P. M., W.
Full Moon, Jan. 30, 3 h 55 m, A. M., W.
Last Quarter, Feb. 5, 7 h 38 m, P. M., E.

NEW TODAY.

[NO OLD ADVERTISEMENTS ARE LISTED HERE.]

Wanted—Situations; 4th page.
Piano, etc., at Auction; 8th page.
T. J. Geaney—Removal; 6th page.
N. O. P. C. Co.—Discount; 1st page.
A. C. Landers—Note Paper; 5th page.
Unity Club—Study Meeting; 5th page.
Crandall & Pray—Piano Stools; 1st page.
Perry Brothers—Walnut Wood; 8th page.
J. A. & R. H. Barker—Meats, etc.; 6th page.
J. H. Barney, Jr., & Co.—Gabler Pianos; 8th page.
Davis, Ward & Magill—Real Est. and Ins.; 6th pg.

Changes of advertisements cannot well be made after 11 o'clock in the morning.

To Rent—A cottage, centrally located, nine rooms, with modern conveniences, for $20 per month to small family.

FOR SALE—On Hammond street, a lot 40x100 feet. If sold within two weeks a reduction in price will be made.

A. P. BAKER.

Gurney

HEATING APPARATUS,

Steam or Water. Repairs and alterations.
Gas Fitting and Electrical Work.

PHILIP F. CONROY,

181 Thames St., Gas Light Co.'s Building.

NOTICES.

First National Bank.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this bank for the choice of directors will be held Tuesday, January 14, 1896, from 11 to 12 o'clock M.

NATH'L. R. SWINBURNE, Cashier.
Newport, R. I., Dec. 12, 1895.

Union National Bank.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this bank, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, will be held on Tuesday, January 14, 1896, at 11 o'clock A. M.

J. S. COGGESHALL, Cashier.
Newport, R. I., Dec. 13, 1895.

National Exchange Bank.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this bank for the election of directors for the ensuing year will be held at the banking room, Tuesday, Jan. 14 at 3 P. M.

EDWARD NEWTON, Cashier.

Newport National Bank.

THE STOCKHOLDERS of this Bank are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of directors will be held Tuesday afternoon, January 14th, 1896, at 3 o'clock.

H. C. STEVENS, Cashier.
Newport, R. I., Dec. 12, 1895.

National Bank of Rhode Island

Of NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 13, 1895.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of this bank, for the election of directors, will be held in their banking room Tuesday, January 14, 1896, at 3 P. M.

T. P. PECKHAM, Cashier.

Aquidneck National Bank.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of this Bank, for the election of directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the banking rooms Tuesday, the 14th day of January, 1896, from 11 o'clock A. M. to 12 o'clock M.

CHAS. T. HOPKINS, Cashier.
Newport, R. I., Dec. 12, 1895.

Sweet Refined

Apple Cider,

IN KEGS

Of from 10 to 25 gallons, for sale by

HENRY A. THORNDIKE,

65 & 67 Bridge Street, Newport.

BALL PROGRAMS

At the Daily News Office.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13, Wall street, opening... Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, 76; Chicago... Missouri Pacific, 25; Louisville & Nash... Rock Island, 60¾; Sugar, 104½; Western... 81⅝.

Noon—Money on call, 5 per cent; mercantile paper, 7 @ 9 per cent; ... steady, with actual rates at $1.87... for sixty days and $1.89 @ ½ for d... posted rates, $1.88 @ $1.89½; commercial $1.86¾ @ $1.87½; bar silver, 69⅞; government... lower; 4s, reg., 108¾ @ 110; 4s coup., 10... railroad bonds, firm; Pacific 6s, —. The... the Stock Exchange during the past hour w... and the changes in the prominent issues... to the fractions. The undertone was firm,... and there was some buying of Louisville... ville, the Grangers and Western Union for... account. At noon the market was firm.

NEW YORK, ...

Atchison
Canadian Pacific
Canada Southern
Chicago & Alton
Chicago & Alton preferred
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy
C., C., C. & St. Louis
C., C., C. & St. Louis preferred
Cotton Oil Certificates
Delaware & Hudson
Delaware & Lackawanna
Denver & Rio Grande
Denver & Rio Grande preferred
Erie
Erie preferred
Illinois Central
Kansas & Texas
Lake Shore
Lead Trust
Louisville & Nashville
Michigan Central
Missouri Pacific
New Jersey Central
North American
Northern Pacific
Northern Pacific First preferred
Northwestern
Northwestern preferred
New York Central
New York & New England
Ontario & Western
Oregon Navigation
Pacific Mail
Peoria, Decatur & Evansville
Reading
Rock Island
St. Paul
St. Paul preferred
St. Paul, M. & Man
Omaha
Omaha preferred
Sugar Trust
Sugar Trust preferred
Texas Pacific
Union Pacific
Wabash
Wabash preferred
Western Union
U. S. Cordage
U. S. Cordage preferred
Duluth
Duluth preferred
Gen. Elec.
U. S. Rubber
U. S. Rubber preferred

BOSTON EXCHANGE.

BOSTON, Ja...

Boston & Albany
Boston & Lowell
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy
Conn. & Pass. River, ex. div.
Fitchburg preferred
West End Railway
West End Railway preferred
Franklin Mining Co.
Tamarack Mining Co.
Dom Coal
General Electric
U. S. Rubber
U. S. Rubber preferred

The railroads continue to do a most satis... business, and earnings everywhere are re... good, the St. Paul company leading all other... eastern roads must be doing well, the Penns... especially. The Pennsylvania directors ha... stored the Pan-handle preferred stock to the... dend list. This now may be regarded... steady four per cent. stock. The amou... traffic which awaits the roads may be inferred... the final government returns on the crops of... The Financial Chronicle, commenting on th... port, says: "When we combine the three g... grain crops—corn, wheat and oats—they sh... improvement over the combined product of 18... more than 1,107,000,000 bushels, over 183 o... hundred million bushels, and even exceed... what the phenomenal yield of 1891.—[W. S. H... & Co.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, Jan. 12, Ocean, from Rotterdam.
New York, Jan. 12, Victoria, from Genoa.
New York, Jan. 12, La Champagne, from H...
New York, Jan. 12, Persia, from Hamburg.
New York, Jan. 12, Aurania, from Liverpool.
Off the Lizard, Jan. 12, Normandie, for... York.
Off the Lizard, Jan. 12, Mississippi, for... York.
Off Prawle Point, Jan. 12, Southwark, for... York.
Boston, Jan. 13, Sarmatian, from Glasgow.

A. O'D. TAYLOR,
Real Estate Agency,
124 BELLEVUE AVENUE, NEWPORT.

Furnished Cottages for Season of 189...

Those who wish to spend the coming sum... Newport can ascertain particulars about c... available by writing to advertiser.

Series A. $300 to $700.
Series B. $750 to $1,000.
Series C. $1,200 to $2,000.
Series D. $2,500 to $7,000.

Please specify what series is contemplated... dress: A. O'D. Taylor, Newport, R. I.

BORN.

BARKER—In this city, a daughter to Mr. and... Isaac Barker.
CULLINANE—A daughter to Mr. and Mrs. ... Cullinane.

DIED.

PECKHAM—In this city, 11th inst., Sa... widow of Philip Peckham, and daughter of... late Major Nathaniel Nason, aged 70 years... The funeral will take place from her late res... 9 Tilley avenue, tomorrow (Tuesday) afte... 2 o'clock.
BURLINGAME—In this city, 11th inst., at ... dence of Henry G. Reynolds, Malbone ro... R., widow of George Burlingame and ... Mrs. Henry G. Reynolds, aged 72 years.
NORTHAM—In Providence, 12th inst., Ma... erine E. Northam, in her 81st year.
MOLTER—In Providence, 12th inst., Nich... ter, in his 78th year.
TOBIN—In Bristol, 12th inst., John Tobin, ... 78th year.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker, Embalmer, 322 & 221 Thames street. ... 101 Mill street. Telephone at office and re...

Nervous women will find relief in Hood's Sa... rilla, because it enriches the blood and strengthens the nerves.

YOU CAN BUY
AS FOLLOWS:

$1,000 buys bran new cottage.
$3,400 " ...
$2,500 " cottage, stable, 6,000 feet of land.
$1,500 " " and 6,000 feet of land.
$1,750 " " stable and shop.
$1,000 " " and 4,000 feet of land.
Building lots on Bliss road, Bradford avenue, ... Island avenue, Broadway, Friendship ... North Newport avenue, Gibbs street.
We have no money to burn but we have ... to loan.
FOR RENT—Cottage, Clinton avenue, $2... Prescott Hall road, $120; tenement, Howard... Fire insurance written in reliable companies.

SIMEON HAZARD,
Real Estate Agency, 94 BROAD...

Middletown Quarry

If you want anything in Stone line, ... Stone, Slate Stone, Pudding Stone, Crushed ... all grades; Path Dressing, color, Blue ... Send order to

PECKHAM BROS.,
P. O. Box 195, Newport, R. I.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE UNITED PRESS.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

SEVEN DEAD INSTEAD OF NINE.

Second Boat's Crew from Wrecked Steamer Ealing Still Missing.

CANSO, Nova Scotia, Jan. 13.—Government steamer Newfield arrived yesterday, to convey to Halifax the survivors of wrecked steamer Ealing. Three of the crew are still in a critical condition. The survivors now say there were only seventeen men in the large boat, and that seven died instead of nine, as at first reported. The small boat, which is said to have been well provisioned but had no sail, contained seven men instead of six. Saturday evening a boat was sighted outside, acting in a strange manner, and several boats put out for her, but none found her. The neighboring islands and reefs were searched, but no traces of the boat could be found. The Newfield sailed for Green island this morning in search of the missing boat.

British Squadrons Making Ready for Sea.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—A despatch from Portsmouth to the Pall Mall Gazette says that the Channel squadron is now ready for sea. The vessels comprising the squadron have provisions on board sufficient to last six months. They will assemble at Portland at the end of the week, to receive final orders. The ships of the new flying squadron are nearly ready for sea. A large force of men worked upon them all day Sunday, fitting them out, and the work is almost complete. It is not yet known when the squadron will sail or what is its destination.

Bridgeport's Singular Horse Disease.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 13.—Two more horses at the Park City stables died last night. Of the forty held by Proprietor Cook when the trouble broke out, only four remain, and these are able to stand, but are all unwell. Friends of the liveryman started a subscription paper in his behalf Sunday, because his losses have ruined him financially. No more cases are reported from other parts of the city. Mayor Clark is making personal inquiries in other places regarding the strange disease.

Stone Masons' Annual Convention.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—The sixth annual convention of the Stone Masons' Union began its session today in the Briggs House parlors, sixty unions being represented. In his annual address President John McGregor predicted that the organization would receive great benefit from affiliation with the American Federation of Labor, and hoped the delegates would take appropriate action. He recommended that provisions be made for death benefits, and that an official paper be established, which should publish news of interest to stone masons.

Steamer Cephalonia Floated

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Steamer Cephalonia, from Boston to Liverpool, which went ashore near Holyhead January 1, was floated yesterday, and moved further up the new harbor, where she will be patched up and proceed to Liverpool.

Relations of England with the Continental Powers.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—The Daily News commends Great Britain for seeking the friendship of France and Russia. It blames Lord Salisbury for hitherto always obliging Germany and getting nothing in return.

Killed by a Train in Providence.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 13.—William H. Reed, thirty-six years old, who resided in West Arlington, was struck by an express train at the foot of Chapin avenue at 8 o'clock this morning, and killed. He leaves a wife.

GENERAL HARRISON ON THE PRESIDENCY.

Ex-President Benjamin Harrison will discuss "The Presidential Office" very comprehensively in his "This Country of Ours" series, in the forthcoming February Ladies' Home Journal. He will detail the provisions and methods of electing a chief magistrate, and will have much to say bearing upon the eligibility of a President for re-election; will give his views as to the length of the Presidential term, and express rather decided opinions relative to the annoyance to which Presidents are subjected from office seekers. The article is practical, based upon experience and observation, and is very timely. General Harrison believes that the fears expressed by the framers of our constitution that the power of the office is such as to enable an ambitious incumbent to secure an indefinite succession of terms have never been realized. "In practice the popular opinion has limited the eligibility of the President to one re-election. But some of our leading and most thoughtful public men have challenged the wisdom of the four-year term, and have advocated six years, usually accompanied with a prohibition of a second term. And unless some method can be devised by which a less considerable part of the four-year term must be given to hearing applicants for office and to making appointments, it would be wise to give the President, by extending the time, a better chance to show what he can do for the country. It must be admitted, also, that ineligibility to a second term will give to the executive action greater independence. It seems unlikely, however, that any change in the Presidential term will be made, unless some unexpected event should stir into action a thought that is now of a theoretical rather than a practical cast."

THE HOTEL BUSINESS.

Lyford, in the New York Hotel Gazette, says: "Referring to business at the Lookout Inn, Tenn., President Sanborn tells me that in November and December combined this house had five thousand guests, a vastly larger number than during those months the year previous. About the middle of January business may be considered well under way for the winter. Lookout Mountain is a great place for excursionists from all over the country. Mr. M. S. Gibson studies to please his guests, in which effort I learn that he is eminently successful.

"The other day I asked Mr. O'Neill, who is to run the Aquidneck House next summer, how he liked the idea of The Van Zandt opening up next spring on the same street and very near his hotel. He replied: 'There is room enough for everybody, and I do not view it with alarm at all. On the contrary, it may turn out to be a help. Any way, we will not shake hands with the devil until we meet him.' This is philosophy not often met with in the hotel fraternity or elsewhere.

"Quite extensive improvements in the sleeping rooms at the Perry House are under consideration by the owner of the property, and if they materialize I will write it up."

POSTAGE DUE

Foreign Mails Bring Many Letters Without Stamps.

Every large mail-carrying steamer that comes to New York from Europe brings twenty five thousand unstamped letters. This in itself is surprising, but the superintendent of foreign mails at the New York postoffice says that what is more surprising is that the senders are unable to pay the postage, and the government here has to take the chances of collecting the postage at this end. The unpaid European mail matter, when sorted on this end and labelled with "due stamps," fills from eight to ten No. 2 sacks. More than a dozen clerks are specially employed at the postoffice to decipher, sort and stamp these "due" letters. Letters which bear some foreign stamps, but insufficient postage, do not come under this head. Those spoken of are entirely without stamps until they are affixed here.

"Is it customary for the government to take its chances on collecting postage on this end?" the superintendent was asked.

"The government can do nothing about it," replied the official. "The majority of these letters come from the Continent of Europe where money is scarce. The senders may be without funds and unable to pay postage, and take the risk of them reaching their destination. They have an idea that the letters will be paid for on this side by those to whom they are addressed. My experience has shown me that they guess correctly. In perhaps one case out of a hundred, the addressee refuses to pay postage when the letter is delivered. You see it is a letter from home which may bring tidings which, good or bad, they must know, and they invariably meet the demand that the face of the due stamp calls for. In the majority of cases, perhaps, the unpaid letters have a begging tenor, but the addressee, even anticipating this fact, would go and pawn his or her all to get the postage money for that letter from home. Uncle Sam has a safeguard in that way. We send few, if any, letters abroad without stamps, but it is a privilege which foreigners enjoy and which our government makes no effort to check. The habit is growing more extensive all the time. It is due, I dare say, to the fact that the British government rather encourages 'postage due' letters throughout the United Kingdom. That government charges double postage where a letter is posted without stamps, and this brings a handsome revenue to the government. Not having stamps handy, many Englishmen drop letters in the boxes, knowing that they will be delivered all right.—[New York Commercial Advertiser.

THE "MIKADO" PERFORMANCES.

The final performance of the "Mikado" company was given Saturday afternoon, before an audience that completely filled the Opera House, and in its size was a great surprise to everybody. The balcony was jammed, and there were women in the gallery, something new in the experience of the house, which was so crowded that many were turned away.

The performances as a whole have been very satisfactory to the audiences, which gradually increased in size from the opening night to the matinee. The stage work was throughout well done, though there was a great deal of it, and but a short time for amateurs to learn it. Much credit for this is due to Mr. W. F. Rochester, who managed the production and fully maintained the reputation that preceded him. The singing and orchestration, under the instruction of Professor Fredericks and Mr. A. G. Langley, were worthy of the highest praise.

There is some talk of the same company producing "Erminie" next season; in fact, it has been decided to produce that opera if anything is done in this line another year, and the artistic success of "Mikado" makes that extremely probable.

Miss Sadie Gash, a member of the chorus, played the accompaniment for the principals and chorus when Mr. Langley was unable to be present, and should also come in for favorable mention in connection with the success of the performances.

NEWPORT GASLIGHT COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the Newport Gaslight Company was held this noon in the gas block, and the old board of directors re elected. The directors later organized and re-elected the officials who have so long and so well carried on the work of the company. The annual report and financial statement for the year were as usual most satisfactory. The officers are:

Directors—Henry Bull, James C. Swan, Philip Rider, Thomas A. Lawton, Melville Bull and Andrew K. Quinn.
President—Henry Bull.
Secretary—Thomas A. Lawton.
Treasurer—Andrew K. Quinn.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mr. George C. Carr received a telegram this morning, notifying him of the serious illness of his brother, Mr. Nicholas Carr, in Providence, and requesting his presence.

Mr. Isaac Clarke filled his icehouse Saturday, and now has stored about eight hundred tons of ice between seven and eight inches thick. This is not enough to fill the demand during the summer, which is constantly increasing, and Mr. Clarke will begin work this week upon an addition, which will hold four hundred tons more. Mr. Amos Peckham had a gang of men at work all day Sunday on his pond, and is working today. His house will probably be filled by night.

Mr. William Arnold has gone to Narragansett Pier, where he will be employed upon the Matthewson house, which is being re-modeled.

Mr. John E. Watson and Captain Abbott Chandler are in Saunderstown today, where Mr. Watson is having an eighteen-foot catboat built by Martin Saunders.

This morning there were three schooners in the west bay, all bound for Narragansett Pier, with coal.

Rev. C. G. Gilliat preached at St. Matthew's and Mr. Joseph Taylor at the Central Baptist Church yesterday. The congregations were smaller than usual, no doubt owing to the state of the roads and sidewalks, which rendered walking anything but pleasant.

IN THE INNER CIRCLE.

Opinions of Some of the Washington Diplomatists.

[Washington correspondence of the News.]

What would you say to a new triple alliance, an alliance between the United States, Great Britain and Russia?

At first glance such an alliance might seem chimerical, too absurd to be worthy of serious thought, and yet not more strange or more startling than some of the moves which have been made upon the chessboard of international diplomacy during the past few weeks. International diplomacy, statecraft in its largest and most comprehensive term, is the most fascinating study one can conceive of. We know something about politics on a small scale in this country. We get pretty well wrought up once in every four years. We think our politicians and our party managers are as shrewd, as adroit and at times, I regret to say, as unscrupulous as men well can be. But all that is child's play to what goes on day after day in the capitals of Europe. There men play for stakes compared to which our campaigns are as innocent as a church fair to Monte Carlo. Here a change of administration means much, but, after all, it does not destroy maps or alter the history of the world for generations to come. There politics means the rise and fall of empires, the marking of the boundary lines of states in trails of blood.

There are in this city at the present time a few members of the diplomatic corps who are as conversant with the inner affairs of the capitals of Europe as they are with the affairs of their own well regulated households. They know what goes on in London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, St. Petersburg or Constantinople. When an emperor makes a speech at a dinner of a hussar regiment, or a prime minister replies to a delegation, or a potentate snubs one ambassador and is all smiles to another, the people wonder and the press of three or four continents speculates. These men in Washington smile or look glum as things are going their way or against them. They understand who is pulling the strings and why the strings are being pulled.

In this inner diplomatic circle a curious topic is constantly being whispered, because it is hinted at rather than being talked about at this time. It is no less than an alliance between the United States, Great Britain and Russia. A year ago such an alliance would have been scouted as an utter impossibility: it would have been regarded as improbable as Germany and France acting in concert. Yet only a few short months ago all the world stood amazed to see the two nations who so bitterly hate one another acting jointly in restraining Japan from inflicting too severe a blow upon her vanquished enemy, and with them was Russia, while England, once all powerful in the far east, was pushed contemptuously to one side. Still later France, Germany and Russia "financed" China, and England was not even asked to take part in the arrangement. Not long ago Russia, always our friend, offered this country all the gold we might need in exchange for our bonds.

England and Russia have been enemies from time immemorial. England has so "bottled up" Russia that for five months in the year her ships-of-war lie in an ice frozen harbor, as useless for purposes of war as if they were stripped of their guns and engines. For years she has been trying to obtain control of a port on the Mediterranean where her ships could come and go as they pleased and be independent of the seasons, but every attempt has been met by the threatening frown of England.

There has recently been a great change in England. Some of her wisest statesmen believe that Russia should be her ally and not her traditional enemy. It is curious to note that the average Englishman regards the Frenchman with supreme contempt, and the German he looks upon as a slow going fellow who doesn't amount to much, but he has rather an admiration for the Russian, possibly because he knows nothing about him. The English statesmen of the new school realize the folly of attempting to keep Russia "bottled up." They advocate letting her have Constantinople if she wants it, of giving her the same rights and privileges accorded to any other great nation. In return England would get Egypt, France could do nothing, and Germany would be powerless. But still greater advantages would follow. China is like a ripe plum waiting to be plucked. Who shall do the plucking? Russia hankers after the fruit, she is willing to divide it with England, but, above all, she wants the United States to come in and share the spoils.

Naturally the United States ought to enjoy the most intimate commercial and financial relations with the great empire of the east. New York ought to be the centre of the China trade instead of London. Russian diplomats have long sought to impress this upon our state department, but we have disregarded the advice as being opposed to our traditional policy. Since the war, when our ministers to China and Japan did more to bring about peace than all the other diplomats put together, which tremendously raised our prestige, some of our shrewdest men of affairs have had their eyes opened to the great possibilities to follow from a commercial invasion of China. But that invasion cannot be solely commercial. It must in a measure be political. Our influence must be felt as a dominant power. It must be known that, like England and Russia, we exercise some control in the political affairs of the country which only needs the touch of western civilization to astonish the world. Russia is sincerely anxious that we shall join with her in throwing down the Chinese wall. Her affection for England is a purely selfish one, but diplomacy is not founded upon sentiment. With England, Russia and the United States standing shoulder to shoulder, no other nation dare raise a hand. It would be such an alliance in money, in men, in brains as the world has never before seen.

As yet no American statesman has dared to publicly propose such a radical departure from our traditional policy. And yet there are men of the first rank who say that the time has come when this country must cease to be politically isolated from the rest of the world. I do not know whether such an alliance will ever be brought about, or, if so, whether it will be in this generation, but that it has been discussed in Washington, as well as in the foreign offices of London and St. Petersburg, I have absolute authority for saying. WALTER WELLMAN.

THE KERNOCHAN COTTAGE AT HEMPSTEAD ROBBED.

Burglars who were either amateurs or were interrupted at their work robbed the house of James L. Kernochan between Hempstead, Long Island, and Meadowbrook Saturday of silverware the intrinsic value of which was $2,000. Much of the missing silver, however, consisted of cups and other trophies won at racing, polo and other sports, and no exact value can be placed upon it. Mr. and Mrs. Kernochan were in New York Saturday, and the thieves did not arouse the servants who were sleeping in the house, and there is no clue for the detectives to work upon. The stolen silverware included a silver tea set, valued at $500; a sterling silver vegetable dish, and two silver punch bowls. Of the trophies the most valuable was the Dumblane cup, won at Washington in 1891 by Mr. Kernochan's black horse, Retribution. It was valued at $500. Then there was the Ivy City cup, also won by Retribution. There were a number of other prizes won by Retribution at other places. There were several cups won by Mr. Kernochan's ponies at the prize horse show, and also a number of prizes captured at the dog show. There were also a number of cups won at the polo matches of the Meadowbrook Club, of which Mr. Kernochan is a prominent member. The thieves overlooked much more valuable silverware in a chest and in various parts of the room.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. William Riley has gone to New York for a few weeks.

—The condition of Mr. Henry T. Easton is said to be very serious.

—Fernando Barker has sold to Isaac J. Barker all his right, title and interest in a lot of land, with house and other improvements, bounded easterly, 100 feet, on Hull avenue; southerly, 100 feet, on land of Abram A. Brown and Nathan B. Brown; westerly, 100 feet, on land late of Abraham H. Tilley, and northerly, 100 feet, on land late of Owen Smith, deceased.

—The subscription list for the cancelling of the debt of the Young Men's Christian Association has been increased by $100, from a gentleman who was unable to be present, leaving but $310.50 of the entire amount needed, $1,333, to be secured. The pledges were made on condition that enough is secured to pay the entire debt, and six months' time is given for payment.

First-class Meats.

We are prepared to sell first-class goods at the

Lowest Possible Prices.

And we feel sure that it will pay you to give us a trial.

T. GLADDING & SON,

29 Touro Street.

JANUARY SALE!

Underwear.

1 Lot Gentlemen's White regular 50c. goods; our price now	30c
1 Lot Ladies' White regular 50c. goods; our price for this sale	30c
1 Lot Gents' Camel's Hair, cheap at 60c.; our price for this sale	38c
1 Lot Gents' Grey Mixed regular 40c. goods; our price now	20c
1 Lot Gents' White 90 per cent. Wool; former price $1, for this sale	75c
1 Lot Ladies' Fleece Lined; former price 25c., now	19c

LEVY'S

76 BROADWAY

IF YOU WANT TO GET A GOOD PIECE OF

Spice-Cured Corned Beef

—GO TO—

SHERMAN & ROONEY'S,

251 THAMES STREET.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

CHEMISTS,

New York and Newport.

COD LIVER OIL

WITH

Pepsin and Quinine,

The standard remedy for all lung diseases.

212 Thames Street,

CORNER CHURCH STREET.

☞ Store in Casino building will open early in the season.

NOTICE.

On and after Nov. 1, and till April 1, my shop will close every evening at 7:30 o'clock except Wednesday, 9, Saturday 11:30 o'clock.

PUSEY A. PEEL, JR.

For the Sick and Aged.

PATENT COMBINED

SANITARY CHAMBER PAIL and WATER CLOSET.

Its chief recommendation is the combined odorless and air-tight cover.

No family can afford to be without one; being portable they are a great convenience in every household.

ONLY $1.00.

WALSH BROTHERS,

222 Thames Street.

IMPORTANT!

My establishment will remain closed until after the middle of January. In the meantime

Spare your Eyesight

Make no hap-hazard selection of

GLASSES.

By devoting the next few weeks in the Ophthalmic Infirmaries and Optical Colleges in New York and Chicago, I shall be in position to give patrons the benefit of the most recent tests for discovering defects of vision, and the most advanced methods of applying glasses to remedy these and their resulting

discomforts.

I hope thus to further increase my success of past years in adapting glasses scientifically to defective eyes.

MUELLER,

Scientific Optician, Bellevue Ave.

BRUNSWICK CIGARS.

J. D. RICHARDSON & CO.,

OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

I make a specialty of fitting all kinds of glasses.

EYES TESTED FREE.

If your eyes trouble you or your GLASSES need changing, call on

WILSON, OPTICIAN,

80 Broadway.

Open Monday and Saturday evenings.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Unity Club.

Study Meeting, 8 o'clock, Thursday evening, at Channing Parlors, on 16th January.

Natural History Society.

REGULAR MEETING, 8 o'clock, on evening of Monday the 13th January, in the Museum, Touro street. Miss Taylor will read "Notes, written in the course of a Journey to South America." The council of the society extend an invitation to all of the public who may be interested. Members are requested to attend.

LECTURE!

The Music Committee of the Central Baptist Church has engaged Bishop John H. Vincent to deliver a lecture in,

MASONIC HALL, TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 14, 1896.

Subject: "TOM AND HIS TEACHERS."

The lecture will commence promptly at 7:30. The choir of the church will render the following music: Mrs. H. M. Spooner will sing by special request "The Winter Mountaineer" (Schubert) with clarinet obligato. A duet by Miss Ella Muirhead and Mr. N. T. Hodson. "Forth to the Meadows" (Schubert) by the quartette. Mrs. T. W. Freebourne accompanist. Tickets 50c. each, to be had at the stores of T. M. Seabury Co., W. H. Franklin, J. P. Taylor.

Opera House. One Night Only.

Wednesday, January 15.

Under the auspices of Conclave No. 39, K. G. E.

New York's Newest Production Intact,



THE 20th CENTURY GIRL,

By Sidney Rosenfeld and Ludwig Englander, authors of the "Passing Show."

Presented with the following Great Cast:

MOLLY FULLER,	THOS. LEWIS,
JOHN T. KELLY,	GUS. WILLIAMS,
WM. CAMERON,	IDA WILKEOMY,
HARRY KELLY,	GEORGIA HAWLEY,

And a Grand Chorus of 30 voices. Magnificent Costumes. Brilliant Ensemble.

Sole Direction, - FREDERICK HALLEN.

Prices—25c., 50c., 75c. and $1. Those holding tickets can exchange them at the box office Monday, Jan. 13, one day in advance of regular sale.

EXCURSION

TO NEW BEDFORD,

Monday, Jan. 13,

By Newport Conclave, No. 39, Drill Squad.

Train leaves Newport at 6:05 P. M., and leaves New Bedford at 2:30 A. M.

Tickets, for Round Trip, $1.50, to be obtained from the committee. D. J. McGowan, James Goldie, Clarence Fitzpatrick, Patrick Hayes, John E. Sullivan.

NUMBER OF TICKETS LIMITED.

CONFECTIONERY.

All Candies in the Windows 20 cents per pound.

Also all kinds of CANDIES which are made on the premises of the purest and best articles obtainable.

CANDIES at all prices from 10 cents up.

CAKE of all kinds and warranted the best in the market.

ICE CREAM, the same as you always get—the best. All flavors.

Fresh Chocolates made on the premises and covered with the best German and English chocolate—Stollwerck & Fry's.

C. F. FRASCH, 170 Thames St.

What all Judges of Candy Say:

—THAT—

FENTON'S

IS THE BEST.

See windows and prices.

CHOCOLATES AND BON BONS

A SPECIALTY.

144 Thames St. 128 Bellevue Ave.

CANDY, SODA,

—AND—

Frasch's Ice Cream.

Open Sundays until 9 P. M.

Charles Wiggenhauser, 25 Franklin Street.

"Shamrock"

LINEN NOTE PAPER

For 10c. a quire.
Envelopes 10c. a package.

Good Commercial Note Paper, 5c. a quire; 15c. a lb.

Box Paper for 10c., 14c., 19c., 23c. and 25c. a box.

—AT—

A. C. LANDERS'S,

167 Thames Street,

COVELL'S BLOCK.

Royal Extract of Malt.

This preparation possesses a flavor so delicate as to be gratifying and welcome to the weakest stomach, and its wealth of saccharine strength renders it a wonderful tonic It is made from the best barley-malt that can be procured and is an absolutely pure product. For sale by

D. W. SHEEHAN,

18 & 20 Kinsley's Wharf.

YIE! YIE!

HOW'S THIS?

A 10 lb. Tub of Pure Creamery Butter for $2.50

—AT—

LANDERS & PECKHAM'S,

142 Thames Street,

The cheapest and best place in town to buy butter and eggs.

DRY GOODS.

Our First Annual

CLEARANCE SALE

Will Start Monday, 6th, 8 A. M.

A TIME OF

UNEQUALLED MERCHANDISE SACRIFICES.

Not an ordinary Mark Down, but a big cut in prices all through our departments. Come early, and see for yourselves what an opportunity is now offered you to secure first-class merchandise at

PRICES HERETOFORE UNKNOWN.

WHITFIELD TUCK DRY GOODS CO.,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Startling Reductions

—ON—

FINE BLACK GOODS.

Black Serge, from 39c. to 25c.
Black Henrietta, from 50 to 39c.c
Black Henrietta, from 75c. to 50c.
Black Henrietta, from $1 to 69c.
Wide Wale Serge, from 87c. to 69c.

All these goods have been in our store less than nine months, and are the greatest bargains in trustworthy black goods ever shown.

Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,

204 THAMES STREET.

Ball Programs

Printed in first-class style and at reasonable prices. See our sample books for latest designs in folders.

DAILY NEWS OFFICE.

BY TELEGRAPH

TO THE UNITED PRESS.

SPECIAL WIRE TO THE NEWS.

FOR THE PROTECTION OF YOUTH.

Proposed Legislation Regulating Crimes Among the Young.

LINCOLN, Neb., Jan. 13.—President Alexander Hoagland of the Boys and Girls' National Home and Employment Association has, by resolution of the national board, forwarded to the governors of ten states, where legislatures convene this winter, five laws regulating crimes among youth. The bills call for no appropriation, and contain the following provisions:

First, the restoration to their homes of all truant and tramping youth found in any of the cities, towns and villages of each state.

Second, the opening of free county intelligence offices in the office of the county clerk in each county.

Third, protection of children in the homes of dissipated and immoral parents.

Fourth, imprisoning of all youths apart from old criminals.

Fifth, providing for boys and girls and minor children in all cities, towns and villages being at their homes after nightfall.

CHEATING UNCLE SAM.

Soldiers Buying Clothing Supplies, to Sell at a Profit.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The army authorities at the Presidio have discovered an alarming systematic looting of the quartermaster's department, and succeeded in tracing it to certain keepers of wayside saloons outside the reservation gates. One of the men implicated has disappeared.

Soldiers are permitted to buy as much clothing as they desire in addition to the supply allowed by the government, the purchase price being deducted from their wages. By reason of contracts with manufacturers, the government is enabled to furnish the troops with wearing apparel at a much lower figure than ordinary saleable prices. This condition was taken advantage of by the Presidio soldiers, who have in the past few years swindled Uncle Sam out of $50,000. After first disposing of their regulation supply of clothing, boots, shoes, stockings, overcoats, etc., the troops drew upon the reserve supplies persistently. The frequency of their purchases at last excited the attention of the officials, who promptly made an investigation, as a result of which a warrant was sworn out for one John Hogan, a road-house keeper, who acquired a fortune estimated at $20,000 through his dealings with soldiers. Hogan was examined before a federal commissioner and released on $2,000 bail, which he promptly jumped and fled the country. Other arrests will follow.

Running Fight with Horse Thieves.

PERRY, Oklahoma, Jan. 13.—News of a terrible fight reached here yesterday from Inland, forty miles west of here, between officers and a gang of horse thieves. The sheriff of Woods county, with his posse, overtook the thieves, who have been committing depredations for many months, and a running fight occurred. Jeff Coates, the leader, was shot dead from his horse, and three others of the band were so badly wounded that they were captured. One man of the sheriff's posse was seriously wounded. The remainder of the band of six men escaped.

Gedney's Channel Electric Lights Extinguished by Floating Ice.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., Jan. 13.—The ebb tide yesterday carried large quantities of ice to sea. All the electric lights on the buoys marking Gedney's channel across the bar were extinguished by the ice, and only the red light on the buoy at the southwest spit is in working order. The lighthouse department has been notified, and new lamps may be put in working order before night.

Death from Hydrophobia.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Jan. 13.—Abram Hausse, forty-seven years old, died in terrible agony in Conyngham township yesterday, from hydrophobia. He was bitten by a dog eleven weeks ago. He seemed to have a premonition that hydrophobia would develop, and made his will. Five days ago he was prostrated with rabies, and death only released him from his horrible agonies.

GOMEZ'S RAID.

If Gomez and his few thousand raiders manage to extricate themselves from the trap into which they have deliberately ventured, the effect of their success upon the insurrection cannot fail to be highly favorable. Nothing more impudent could be conceived than an advance from the easterly part of the island to the very gates of Havana, with the destruction of the plantations along the route, considering the circumstances in which it was planned and made. There is no question that the Spanish troops, trained regulars as they are, vastly outnumber the whole body of insurgents under arms, perhaps the whole body of sympathizers with the insurrection who are capable of bearing arms. Absolutely the whole military power of Spain has been put forth to crush the insurrection. So far it has not only been employed in vain, but a band of insurgents has defied the whole Spanish army, and made its way past this army to the capital which is its strong hold. It is as if a mischievous boy, after stoning the policeman who was sent to arrest him, should wind up by shaking his fist under the policeman's nose.

Quite apart from specific sympathy with one party or the other, there is in this performance of Gomez an audacious gallantry which appeals to the sympathies of mankind. Even a generous enemy would be inclined to repeat the wish of the leader of the Volscians for the escape of Horatius when he swam the Tiber. But there is no generosity in the enmity of Spaniards for Cubans. It will fare ill indeed with Gomez and his men if they are caught. It is by no means certain that they are or will be caught, and the latest advices indicate that they have made good their retreat. In that case, the insurgent leaders will doubtless resume their obvious policy of avoiding pitched battles, while harassing and annoying the Spanish troops to the utmost, with the view of wearing them down and tiring them out.

Meanwhile, the raid of Gomez has already produced marked effects. It has elicited the proclamation proclaiming martial law in the provinces of Havana and Pinar del Rio, which means putting the inhabitants of these provinces completely at the mercy of the soldiery. It also means that no news will be allowed to be published which has not passed a military censorship. That is to say, we shall get no news from Havana that can be trusted. But it is likely that very unpleasant reminders will be addressed in Madrid to the ministry upon the complete falsification of its predictions about the suppression of the rebellion. —[New York Times.

ON BOARD THE INDIANA.

Some Things to be Seen on a Modern Battleship.

Saturday good progress was made in supplying battleship Indiana with her torpedo outfit. The ten Whiteheads were put on board and set up in their respective wire cages, and one was fired from the after starboard tube, making, as usual, an excellent run. The trial of the three other firing tubes was postponed until today, when the work will be completed. The ship will then sail, probably tomorrow, for Hampton Roads, where she will join the fleet of Admiral Bunce.

The vessel is still very young in naval life, having had her speed trial only last September in Massachusetts bay. Though prompt work has been done on her since her officers took charge, there yet remains much to be done. Her crew has been drilled daily when the weather was fit, and everything on board put in ship-shape condition.

The results seen on board indicate that the crew has succeeded in getting everything in good condition. Much yet remains to be done, however, with her fighting rig. The heavy guns are still to be tried on shipboard, and the many complicated machines used for hoisting ammunition and for working the turrets and guns to be tested in actual service. It was expected to test these guns in Gardiner's bay, but owing to the cold and the desire to have the ship join Admiral Bunce's squadron as soon as possible, the trials were postponed. The examining board has yet to look over the ship, to see if she is properly fitted and has every thing in working order. This will also be done later, and in a warmer climate.

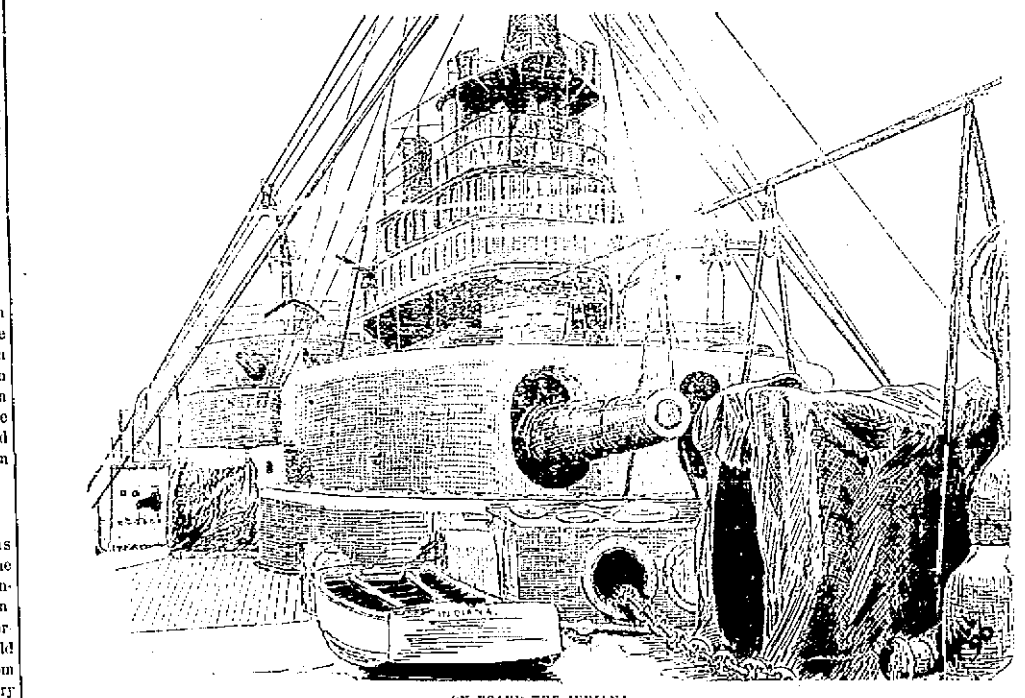
The ship is the first of what are known as first-class battleships to be built by this country since steel armor and breech-loading guns replaced the old wooden ships, and according to the opinion of experts she does credit to a country which under the old condition of things turned out as fine men-of-war, whether sail or steam craft, as any nation could boast. She has not the tonnage of some of the biggest battleships of Europe, but is supposed to be as effective as any afloat. Her armor is as thick as any afloat, and is of the best quality. Her big guns, though not so large as the 16-inch monsters carried on some of the English and Italian ships, are considered to be superior in fighting power, and to be as heavy as can be carried on board ship and properly worked, and capable of penetrating any armor afloat at the usual fighting distance. Her 8-inch guns are well disposed for effective work, either forward, aft or broadside, and her rapid-fire guns are numerous, and scattered over the vessel at every point where they could be used to advantage.

The Indiana is supposed to have another advantage over European men-of-war, in the disposition of the armor on the bow in such a manner as to give protection to her hull forward of the turrets, a section that has been neglected by European designers, the idea being that if this part is hulled the water-tight compartments in the body of the ship will keep the vessel afloat.

Many people suppose that iron-clads, as modern battleships are called, have the entire hull protected by the heavy armor with which they are credited, but such is not the case. There is what is known as a belt of armor at the water line, extending some distance above and below the part under water, tapering down to about half the maximum thickness. The citadel, or main structure on which the turrets are placed, and which encloses the machinery, is also protected with this armor. The guns are worked in turrets of somewhat less thickness, but considered, from their rounded form, to be as effective as the heavier armor on the sides.

The view of the Indiana herewith given is taken from the starboard bow, looking toward the big forward turret for the 13-inch gun, which is on the main deck. Above and to the left is the starboard forward 8-inch gun turret, and just aft and below this the forward six-inch gun. Above the big turret rises the fighting mast, which at the bottom looks like a big iron chimney, the wheel deck, conning tower, and the chart room and bridge. A view of the stern would be almost the same, save for the mast and chart room, there being a bridge, and the same arrangement of guns as forward.

The armament of the ship consists of four 13-inch guns, in two turrets with seventeen inches of armor, one forward and the other aft, amidships. These guns are indeed "beauties," and the formidable 8-inch guns protruding from the turrets above look like babies in comparison. On either corner of the citadel, on the gun deck, are 8-inch armored turrets, each carrying two 8-inch guns, or eight in all. Besides these, there are four 6-inch rapid-fire guns, two on either broadside, and with a firing area of nearly one hundred and eighty degrees. There is also a secondary battery of sixteen 6-pounder and four 1-pounder rapid-fire guns, and four machine guns for boat use. The 6-pounders are mounted on the upper deck and bridges, and the 1-pounders are in the tops of the fighting masts. These are so disposed as to bring a number in range of any torpedo boat that might attack the ship. There are four searchlights, one on either end of each bridge, about over the 8-inch turrets. Besides the guns, the ship has ten Whitehead torpedoes and four broadside torpedo tubes.



ON BOARD THE INDIANA.

THE NEW GIRL IN NEW JERSEY.

They seem to have the improved woman up at Port Jervis, too. Or they are going to have her when she grows up—at present she is only the improved girl; but some one has said, by implication at least, that the girl is mother of the woman.

The new girl at Port Jervis is fourteen years old, and her name is Sarah Weiser. Her father's name is Michael Weiser, though why this should be lugged in we are unable to say; what the reader wants to know is her mother's name. But this we cannot give, and the statistics concerning her close with the fact that she is still attending school at Port Jervis, the home of the irrelevant father.

At Hainsville on New Year's day there was given one of those rural festivals known as a "turkey shoot." It was not the old-fashioned and barbarous turkey shoot, in which the poor national fowl is set up as a target and fired at by ambitious marksmen, but the modern, improved and humane turkey shoot, in which the actual shooting is directed at the active, but insensible, clay pigeon, the number of these pottery birds brought down determining the participant's chances for a turkey. There were present, so the despatch assures us, "most of the crack marksmen of Pike and Sussex counties." And this, of course, is saying a good deal, since the ability to shoot accurately is widespread throughout the length and breadth of Pike and Sussex.

Among others at this particular shoot was Maurice Quiglan, who, we are assured, "has the reputation of having killed two deer with one shot." The scoffer will, of course, say that "has the reputation' is good;' but for our part we have not the least doubt that Maurice Quiglan did what he has the reputation of having done. Nor shall we pause idly to inquire if Mr. Quiglan fired a ball through the first foolhardy deer and on into the second unsuspecting creature, or whether he made a sort of a diagonal play on the first one and carromed on the second; enough for us to know that Maurice Quiglan laid them both low at the expenditure of one charge of powder and ball. Then there was the famous John Van Winkle, of Sandyston, and the equally celebrated James Jagger, of Pike Bush, both mighty hunters. But the best that any one of these mere men could do was to carry off two turkeys. Not so Sarah Weiser, the New Girl.

When Miss Weiser appeared on the grounds with her rifle on her shoulder, men like Quiglan and Van Winkle were inclined to jeer. "Jim" Jagger asked if it was woman sphere. He questioned if the thing would be allowed at Pike Bush. Van Winkle said that it was a woman who had had too much liberty which once drove a distant relative of his, one Rip, to drink and other indiscretions. But Hank Monroe took the girl's part, and said that she should be allowed to shoot. It required the demolition of at least eight clay pigeons out of a possible ten to win one turkey. The shooting began promptly, and kept up briskly. At night most of the men wandered sadly away through the gathering darkness without a turkey; a fair number carried one; Messrs. Quiglan, Van Winkle and Jagger each had two; Sarah Weiser, of Port Jervis, staggered off through the evening shadows loaded beyond her young strength with three.

Thus we see what woman is doing up on the Delaware. The despatch closes with this proud statement: "Miss Weiser shoots left-handed, and made her first appearance in public with her rifle last Thanksgiving day." Suppose for a single moment that Miss Weiser shot right-handed and had first appeared in public last Fourth of July, how many turkeys would she have captured? Maurice Quiglan and James Jagger would better beat their rifles into crowbars; and the best thing John Van Winkle can do is to get up on the highest peak of the Catskills as quickly as possible and look up the lodging of his unfortunate ancestor. Sarah Weiser is queen of the turkey shoot.—[New York Tribune.

JAPANESE DEMAND FOR COTTON.

Regarding the recent heavy shipments of cotton from this country to Japan, Edward Atkinson, an authority on the cotton manufacture in England, says: "There is no doubt that Japan will establish cotton spinning with considerable rapidity, and in the course of some years will probably be enabled to supply the increasing wants of the modern world, heretofore mainly supplied by England. But in order to make any of the fabrics which would have any considerable sale in this country merely as cotton fabrics, without regard to the design of the weaving or the printing, and in order to supply that part of the demand of China for what are known as gold-end and red-end shirtings, made of medium fine yarns, it will be impossible for Japan to use her own limited supplies of cotton or any of the cotton of China, which, although produced in very large quantities and admirably handled, is so short in staple as not to make it fit for the work, or even the India cotton, which is only fit for coarse, low numbers. Her whole supply of cotton must be found in this country. Hence it follows that the progress of Japan may to some extent check the demand for American cotton for English mills, and may, at least, prevent the increase, if it does not work a reduction, in the export of cotton fabrics from Great Britain, but will have no influence whatever upon the cotton manufacturers of this country so far as the making of the fabric is concerned. What we have to fear, if there is anything to fear, in getting the goods which people desire, are the skill, taste and aptitude of the Japanese in devising both woven and printed cotton fabrics. The influence of this demand upon the South will be very beneficial in hastening improvements in ginning, handling and baling, which have lately attained great prominence among the cotton growers of the South."

NOTABLE ANNIVERSARIES.

January 13.

1689—Montesquieu, Charles de Secondat, baron de, celebrated French traveler and author, who wrote the "Spirit of Laws," born in France; died 1755.

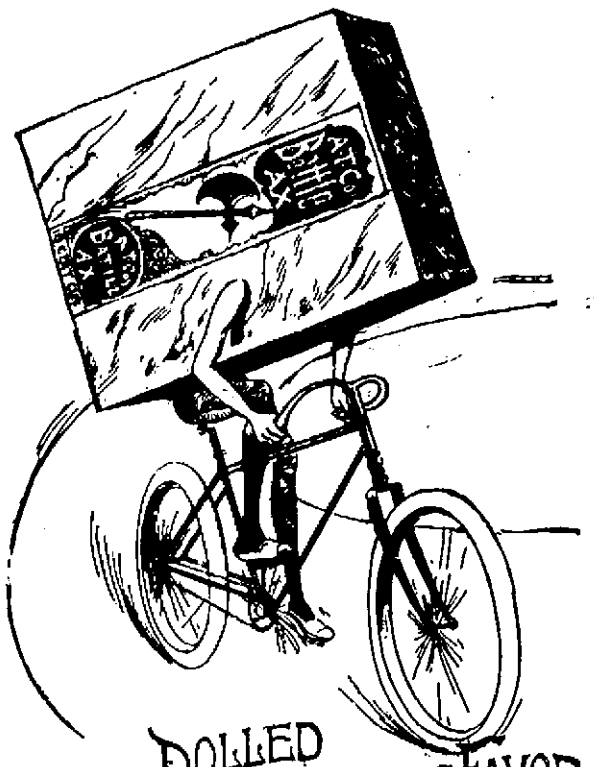
1690—George Fox, founder of the sect commonly called Quakers, died; born 1624.

1842—Disaster in Kurd Kabul pass.

1891—The civil war in Chili assumed an active form; Balmaceda drove the Congressionalists out of the capital, and the navy blockaded several ports.

1891—British troops defeated 4,000 sofas in Sierra Leone; 250 sofas killed.

Writing an effective advertisement is like packing a trunk—a good packer will get in half as much again as a bad one, and still the trunk will not seem crowded.—[Printers' Ink.



IT HAS ROLLED INTO PUBLIC FAVOR BECAUSE

BATTLE AX PLUG

IS THE LARGEST PIECE OF GOOD TOBACCO SOLD FOR

10 CENTS

Schreier's QUEEN ANNE MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT

CLEARING SALE!

All our Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats BELOW COST.

Mark down Sale in every department.

CLOTHING.

REMOVAL.

T. J. GEANEY, TAILOR,

HAS REMOVED TO

249 THAMES STREET,

Over Sherman & Rooney's.

Some desirable Suitings for business wear for sale cheap for cash by OTTO, 244 Thames Street.

NECKWEAR,

The latest styles in Tecks, Puffs and Four-in-hands.

Fancy Suspenders, Silk Mufflers, Silk Umbrellas,

And many other novelties that make useful and pretty Christmas presents. Our prices are low.

McLennan Bros., 193 & 195 THAMES STREET.

DO YOU WANT A BARGAIN?

Well here it is.

Bargain sale of custom-made

TROUSERS.

JANUARY 10 to JANUARY 31.

21 Styles of goods at		$3.00
17 " " " "		3.50
30 " " " "		4.00
40 " " " "		4.50
84 " " " "		5.00

Made to your order, and we guarantee to fit and suit you. Take advantage of this offer.

Bennett's One Price Clothing Store

OPPO. COTTON'S DRUG STORE.

WATER.

Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A.M. to 2 P.M.

Come and See the Stylish

New England Pianos

They are like New England people—not all outside show. Their chief merits are within, and they must be thoroughly known to be appreciated. Our terms to buy or rent will suit you. We have the largest warerooms, most styles and greatest assortment in the world. Visit

200 Tremont Street, Boston.

PROVISIONS.

The Best is Cheapest

GO TO

A. A. TILLEY & CO

—FOR—

Meats, Vegetables, etc.

A LARGE LOT

—OF—

TURKEYS,

FOWLS and

CHICKENS,

JUST RECEIVED

—AT—

PHIL. STEVENS'S,

48 and 50 Thames St.

J. A. & H. H. BARKER,

DEALERS IN

Meats, Poultry and Game.

Also TONGUES, LARD, EGGS, Etc.

Fruit and Vegetables in their season.

Connected by telephone.

Fresh Pork Tenderloin.

F. B. COGGESHALL,

WASHINGTON SQUARE.

AT THE

SEA SIDE MARKET

Can be found the finest of

Young Geese, Ducklings AND City Dressed Beef.

The public is cordially invited to inspect our new refrigerating plant.

WM. S. LAWTON, 292 Thames Street.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.

J. W. HORTON & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

FURNITURE, CARPETS, MATTINGS and RUGS.

Mattresses Made and Made Over.

UPHOLSTERING in all its branches.

Furniture, Crockery, etc., packed and shipped.

42 CHURCH STREET.

J. W. HORTON. F. A. WILL

STOVES.

Large Variety of New and Second-hand Heating and Cooking Stoves at prices from

$3.00 to $30.00.

DINNER SETS.

Just opening, a crate of new patterns at low prices.

JAMES F. MARDEN,

COTTRELL'S BLOCK, 213 THAMES STREET

WAREHAM OYSTERS.

Mine is the only fish market in this city which handles

WAREHAM OYSTERS.

R. SMITH - - 471 Thames Street

…NING AND CLOSING OF MAILS.

…hours 7 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 8 to 9 a. m., …0 p. m. Money order and registry open 8 a. m. …m.
…ers' deliveries 8 and 10 A. M., 2:30 P. M.

Mail Schedule.

Nov. 1, 1895.

…YORK, SOUTHERN AND WESTERN—Close, 9:30, …00, 4:00, 7:10 p. m.; open, 9:30 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, …m.
…ON & EASTERN—Close, 7:00, 9:15 a. m., 12:30, …30, 7:10 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, …30 p. m.
…IDENCE, R. I.—Close, 7:00, 9:30 a. m., 1:00, …0, 7:10 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 1:30, …0, 7:30 p. m.
…RIVER, MASS.—Close, 7:00, 9:30 a. m., 12:30, …0, 7:10 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 2:30, …m.
…BEDFORD, MASS.—Close, 7:00, 9:30 a. m., 12:30, …0 p. m.; open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 8:30 p. m.
…TOL FERRY, R. I.—Close, 9:30 a. m., 4:30, 7:10 …open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.
…SMOUTH AND TIVERTON—Close, 9:30 a. m., …m. open, 9:30, 11:30 a. m., 6:00 p. m.
…n PORTSMOUTH—Close, 9:30 a. m.; open, …
…TOWN—Close, 11:30 a. m.; open, 2:30 p. m.
…, R. I.—Close, 9:30 a. m., 1:00 7:10 p. m.; …a. m., 1:30 p. m.
…K ISLAND—Close, 12:00 m, Tuesday, Thursday …nday; open, 11:30 a. m. Monday, Wednesday …day.
…y—Mails open 8:00 a. m.; close, 6:35 p. m.

…rough only.

…is Morning's News.

REBELS CREEPING UP.

…day Skirmish With Troops Twelve Miles From Habana.

…ASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—A dispatch from …ana says that with the exception of an …gement yesterday between Spanish …s and a band of 500 insurgents at …agua, only 12 miles southeast of Ha…, there is nothing very important or …entle to chronicle of the movements …he insurgents.

…e attack on Managua still remained …ubt at last accounts. It was being … by volunteers, but regular troops …dispatched from here to its assist… It is reported that the insurgents … burned several houses and have …d a number of defenseless citizens. …is said that 500 insurgents have been …d in the skirmishing in Matanzas …ince.

…ntin Bandera is reported to be mov… in the neighboring of Guina Marinda. …e insurgents under Louis Perez and …az are said to have had many wounded …n engagement near Siguanla.

…small schooner has been captured at …arien, which was engaged in supply… the insurgents with groceries and am…ition.

…inister de Lome yesterday received a …egram from the Spanish minister of …ign affairs, stating that as a conse…nce of the recent engagements the …n body of the insurgents have divided … several bands and cannot retreat. …owed by the loyal forces, Maceo has …n to the north and Gomez to the south …he province of Pinar del Rio.

…he commander-in-chief, in a telegram …n Habana, says that the columns of …onel Galvis and General Aldecoa, hav… knowledge of the location of Gomez, …r a night's march of 15 miles, reached …rear guard of Maximo Gomez's forces, …ch were effecting a quick retreat, and …ceded in engaging the enemy, who …st have suffered greater losses than …e left dead on the field, judging by the …nber of dead horses left after their re…t. Maximo Gomez is closely followed … so is Maceo.

…n the remainder of the island there is …hing new except occasional destruc… of railroads and other outrages by …ll bands of small importance, proving … the insurrection is only active where … leaders are. The fact that the two …cipal chiefs are in Pinar del Rio …ks easier the success in the eastern … of the island.

…he Spanish minister emphatically de…es that the telegrams relating to the …ure of San Cristobal, Bahia Honda … other towns and the landing of Ca…to Garcia are false.

Considered by Congress.

…surances have been given by the house …mittee on foreign affairs to those mem… who are particularly interested in the …ement to secure recognition for the …an revolutionists that the question … be thoroughly and carefully investi…d and that a report will be made upon … the house at the earliest day consist… with such an investigation.

…sub-committee of the foreign affairs …mittee has been designated by Chair… Hitt to take jurisdiction of the Cuban …er, with these members: Adams …, chairman; Draper (Mass.); Hitt …). Some impatience has been voiced …e house because a resolution to recog… the revolutionists has not been …ght forward and passed immediately, … patriotic and sentimental reasons …e been urged in support of this feeling. …he friends of "Cuba free" feel certain … there is a great majority in congress …heir side; that whenever a resolution …ht be brought up it could be passed …h an enthusiastic demonstration, …ch would materially encourage the …ging revolutionists, and that outside …e capital there prevails a great pop… sentiment on the side of the revolu…

…e foreign affairs committee recog…s fully the existence of this sentiment, … the sub-committee does not feel justi… in acting without the usual delibera…, nor is it at all certain that they will …d it expedient for this government to …gnize Cuba at once.

…e house has passed a resolution call… upon the state department for all the …rmation it has on the Cuban question, … the secretary of state has informed …irman Hitt that the evidence will be …n him as soon as possible. Recently …ident Palma of the Cuban junta left …at mass of documents with the sec…ry of state, and beside these there is …e in the department much corre…ndence with Spain incidental to the …ent uprising. Clerks are compiling … papers into form for the use of the …e, and in the opinion of members of … sub-committee no action should be …ommended to the house until these pa… have been considered.

… in the meantime, the insurgents …age to capture Habana, their victory …ld be such unmistakable evidence of …status of the revolution that the com…ee would not hesitate to ask the house …ecognize the state of belligerency with…delay. Members of the sub-committee …ot hesitate to say this.

…t there is a disposition among them …uestion the accuracy of newspaper re…s of military movements in Cuba, for …doubt whether the correspondents are …osition to keep accurately posted, or …ther true reports are possible under …nditions prevailing in Cuba.

…art from the sentimental reasons, there is a commercial phase of the question of which the foreign affairs members are not allowed to remain in ignorance. Recognition of belligerency would confer upon Spain the right to search American shipping for contraband of war, and the shipping interests are not pleased with this. Then there are sugar investments in Cuba held by citizens of the United States amounting to $30,000,000, which have suffered enormous damage at the hands of the rebels in their raids.

So long as the revolution has no recognized standing, Spain is responsible for these losses, and the owners of plantations hope to be able to secure reparation from her at some future day. When this government formally takes notice of the fact that a state of war exists in Cuba, our citizens will have no ground upon which to base their claims.

These considerations tend to retard recognition. Whether they will defeat the movement for recognition remains to be seen.

Samuel Ross' End.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 13.—Samuel Ross, a grocer, who disappeared from Natick, Mass., three months ago, was found dead in a room at Hotel Hopkins yesterday. Ross, after his disappearance, which event caused a sensation, went to San Francisco, staying there only two hours and then returning east. Other than this his wanderings are unknown. He shot himself through the right temple, death being instantaneous. He left a note saying that his wife and child were dead, and that he had gone to join them.

Parishioners Not a Unit.

NASHUA, N. H., Jan. 13.—The difficulty in the Roman Catholic parish of the Immaculate Conception resulted in a meeting of the seceders yesterday, at which it was decided to form a new parish. A petition to Bishop Bradley to this effect was read and numerously signed, and a committee were appointed to secure a further list of names. Much hard feeling against leading members of the Immaculate Conception parish was manifested, and several strong speeches were made.

Hints at Immorality.

BEVERLY, Mass., Jan. 13.—Rev. William A. Thurston, pastor of the Methodist church, in his sermon yesterday, scathingly denounced the class sociables and dances of the Beverly high school. For 20 years these dances have been given, and of them Pastor Thurston said that they were kept up till a late hour, the young women being without chaperones, that punch in unlimited quantities was provided and that card playing was a well patronized adjunct.

Lindner's Downfall.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—Rev. George J. Lindner, author, theological scholar and a linguist capable of speaking fluently eight languages, pleaded guilty to the indictment charging him with the forgery of four checks, while connected with the Rescue mission on Kneeland street. Judge Bond suspended sentence, pending the receipt of new evidence. Lindner is a native of Yonkers, N. Y., and is 28 years old.

Bad Man Corralled.

BOSTON, Jan. 13.—William Smith, more commonly known as "Tiny" Smith, a New York crook, who was arrested in this city Friday night, together with five professional beggars, has confessed to having robbed letter boxes in many cities, besides uttering several bogus checks. Smith has a long term to serve in Sing Sing. Three of the men arrested with Smith were "railroaded" out of town yesterday by Inspector Watts.

Held Newton Bonds.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 13.—Nathaniel K. Johnson, a shoe manufacturer of this city, died yesterday. He was one of the bondholders in the Newton (N. H.) bond case, and, as he was one of the holders of the alleged forged bonds, his death will still further complicate affairs. Mr. Johnson leaves considerable property. He was 65 years old.

Moses Dow Dead.

HAVERHILL, Mass., Jan. 13. — Moses Dow, ex-mayor of this city, died last night, aged 78 years. He was at one time a leading manufacturer, having retired six years ago. He was a member of the governor's council for three years, and served two years on the state ballot commissio[n].

From the [Sea].

NANTUCKET, Mass., Jan. 13.—A quantity of wreckage, evidently from a steamer, came ashore at the east end of the island. The wreckage consisted of merchandise and miscellaneous articles. There are no clews to establish the identity of any vessel that may have been wrecked.

Providence's Prospective Library.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 13.—The city library trustees have accepted plans of Providence architects for a new library building, and will award plans immediately for one portion of the building. The first part to be completed will cost $100,000, with room for 117,000 library books.

Unnecessary Starvation.

LOWELL, Mass., Jan. 13.—Amos Green, aged 65 years, was found dying from want in destitute circumstances yesterday, although he had bankbooks in his clothing with over $1300 on deposit. He died after removal to the hospital.

Water Too Cold.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 13.—Peter Cross of Fall River, Mass., jumped into the bay yesterday, and finding the water very cold called for help. Two men on the steamer Pequot fished him out, and Cross said he was glad to be alive.

New England Briefs.

Samuel Ruff was killed by Henry Martin at Unionville, Conn.

Mrs. Frost got a verdict of $300 against Rev. J. D. Waldron at Saco, Me.

G. H. Parker of Athol, Mass., was killed by a woman at Baltimore.

Charles E. Martin of New Haven committed suicide while temporarily insane.

Three wheel shops at Bristol, Conn., were nearly destroyed by fire. Loss, $6000.

John P. Spaulding and John L. Bremer, two leading business men of Boston, are dead.

The principal business block in Newburyport, Mass., was completely gutted by fire, causing a total loss of $21,000.

The First Baptist church of Haverhill, Mass., voted to extend a call to Rev. Charles T. Morgan of Philadelphia.

Horace P. Snow, a former salesman for Ross W. Weir, New York, was arrested at Boston on a charge of embezzlement from Weir.

Mark Peterkin was arrested at Boston as a fugitive from justice, he being wanted on the charges of arson and larceny in Ontario.

THE POSTMAN.

John Wesley Fortune was born in the country. He went to New York, took the civil service examination and became a postman. John was satisfied with himself and could not help thinking if the government had known his merits it would have put him on as postman somewhat earlier than it did.

But he was a postman now, and he liked it. He was a bit imaginative, was John Wesley Fortune, and he soon came to know most of the people in most of the houses along his route. Now and then he had to revise his conclusions when a woman he did not know appeared in sight or when a house which he had decided was occupied by a widow who received regular letters from her son, a business man in Denver—when he suddenly found this house blossoming out with an undeniable lord and master.

But they didn't fool him often. In a month he came to know all his patrons, as he called them, and he would say:

"Here's a letter for So-and-so. It doesn't belong here, does it?" with a downward inflection, indicating certainty.

He came to know when they wanted a letter, and he regretted mightily going by that house when an anxious woman, learning of his presence in the street from his whistle, would stand at the window in such a mutely pathetic manner, and next day, when he had a letter for that house, he would hurry unconsciously, that the delay might be as brief as possible, and he would experience real delight that he had been able to bring happiness.

Of course it was only a matter of a few weeks when he became able to discern that, though here was a letter for that house—for that very woman—it was not the one she was looking for, but he couldn't help it. If he could have forewarned her half a block away, he would have done so. It grieved him to see her disappointment right at that last crucial moment when the letter was in her hand.

He came to know that Mrs. 91's husband was prospecting for silver in Mexico; that the daughter of Mrs. 105 was married and living in Buffalo, and he knew as well as any one could when the letter came telling about the baby. He knew that Mrs. 107, across the street, was a widow and received monthly remittances from a firm of lawyers in Chicago, and he rather fancied she was always a good deal embarrassed for the last few days before the bulky envelope came.

He learned that Mrs. 113 was the wife of an invalid, and that they had money enough to live on. And he knew that both of the young ladies in 128 had lovers who wrote regularly—and voluminously—and when the college son of Mrs. 130 went directly from Cornell to Virginia to spend his vacation, instead of coming home.

The cook at 99 was engaged to a soldier in Jefferson Barracks, Mo., and the chambermaid at 100 received letters regularly from two distinct and regular correspondents—though she seemed more delighted with the occasional missives from a third. The nursemaid at 114 received a letter every Tuesday from a sister in a convent at Boston and one every Wednesday from a more or less uncertain young fellow not far from Cincinnati.

Oh, he knew all about them. He made himself in a manner a part of their lives. He always joked a little, where he could do so without offending, and they always—even the haughty Mrs. 130—permitted and encouraged it.

He knew he was easily the most popular man that went down that street. He grew arrogant, and when a new servant appeared he permitted her to see he was simply taking her on trust. Maybe he would like her, and maybe he wouldn't. And if he didn't John Wesley Fortune knew she was unfortunate indeed.

One time the remittance for Mrs. 107 was two days late, and he couldn't understand it. She had so counted on it the regular day and had been so embarrassingly miserable—so almost desperate—next day that he said gayly when he gave it to her:

"Now you're all right again."

And she was delighted and relieved and a little excited as she tore it open before he could run down the steps. So he smiled back from the pavement and said:

"We'll have to stir them up if they get lazy again—those Chicago fellows are"—

But, positively, she wasn't listening to him. She wasn't even looking at him. She was turning away. He resented it.

But he felt better next day, and when he gave a letter to one of the young ladies at 128, and the other pouted at him, he said roguishly:

"Never mind. He's coming. That's the reason he didn't write." And he laughed as heartily as they did, though he couldn't blush as much.

One time, when Mrs. 91 had been almost wildly anxious for a letter from her husband in Mexico, John Wesley Fortune ran up the steps with it, and gave the tardy missive into her hand with a glow of generosity. And she said fervently:

"God bless you!"

And he quite approved of himself all day. He owned the route. They would do anything for him.

So pay day he threw up his job, and accepted the agency of a book that would sell on sight—anywhere; commission, $1.50 on each sale; ten sales, $15. And if he couldn't sell ten books a day for a week he would quit; he would eat his shoes; he would give his head for a football.

Mrs. 130 patiently but wearily declined to buy. He supposed her son was cutting up ugly in Virginia. The young ladies at 128 had half an hour's fun with him, and he didn't realize till he was out in the sunshine how little they cared for him.

Mrs. 113 sent word she didn't want to see any peddler! That woman—and how almost friendly she had been! Mrs. 107, spruce, jaunty and reserved, said he would have to excuse her, and hurried away. Mrs. 106 put on her glasses and looked through the book, shook her head and gave it back.

The cook at 99 said she couldn't read, and the chambermaid shut the door in his face and went away singing:

"I don't want to play in your yard.
I don't like you any more."

And he went out on the street in a cold chill, and he heard a once familiar whistle and he looked up and saw the new letter carrier.

And there was a bright face at every window in the block. But not a soul knew John Wesley Fortune.

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SUNDAYS, for Boston, 6:00 p. m. Return, 4:30 a. m. Middletown, Bristol Ferry, Tiverton, Fall River, Somerset, Dighton, North Dighton, Weir Village, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree and New Bedford, 6:00 p. m.

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d Boat from Fall River.
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Providence, arr.	12 00	3 15	6 13	9 55
Boston, "	1 15	4 30	7 30	11 00
New York, "	4 30	7 52	11 00	B
	P M	P M	P M	P M

LEAVE	NIGHT	A M	A M	P M
New York,	*12 03	5 01	10 03	1 00
Boston,	..?..	10 00	1 00	3 00
Providence,	6 49	11 13	2 15	5 00
Newport, arr.	8 35	1 00	4 00	7 00
	A M	P M	P M	P M

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Of all kinds attended to promptly. I also do a general
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WM. R. DODGE, 6 MILL STREET.

NEWPORT
Transfer Express Co.

Solicit consignments of Freight.
Piano Moving a Specialty.
The only express checking baggage at residence to destination.
Accessible by Telephone at any and all hours.
PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Avenue.
BRANCH OFFICES, 272 Thames Street and New York Freight Depot.
E. B. HARRINGTON,
Treasurer and General Manager.

CARPET SWEEPERS

$1.40 and Upward.

—ALSO—

Cooper's Orange Knives,

Besides Orange Knives with pearl or celluloid handles and silver-plated blades.

Liquor Shakers of all kinds, and
Brass Fire Sets,
Brass Andirons,
Brass Fenders.

W. K. COVELL'S, 163 Thames St.

Old Father Time Takes No Holidays.

You haven't time to try all the cough cordials offered for sale; "Father Time" will not permit. Our advice is, use only the well known

DIXON'S GREAT RUSSIAN COUGH CORDIAL.

It don't make you gag to take it. The children like it, and you only pay 35 cents a bottle for a pure, wholesome article. Druggists and grocers sell it.

NAVEL ORANGES,
Grape Fruit, Grapes,
Choice Table Apples.

CARRY BROTHERS, THAMES STREET.

Schooner Watchman

Is discharging a cargo of

FREE-BURNING RED ASH COAL

—FOR—

ABRAM ALMY,

153 THAMES STREET.

HAVING TAKEN ACCOUNT OF STOCK WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO SELL

SILVERWARE AND DIAMONDS

AT PHENOMENALLY REDUCED PRICES.

Beautiful Sterling Vase - at $8.50.

HERRMANN'S.

NEWPORT ILLUMINATING COMPANY.

Light, Heat and Power.

Electric Radiators, Coffee and Teapots, Kettles, Ovens, Sad Irons, Broilers, Toasters, etc.
Motors in all sizes.
Stores, offices and residences wired and lighted by Incandescent Electric Light at lowest rates.
Call and see our new line of Electric and Gas Shades in all colors and designs.

449 to 455 Thames Street

THE GABLER PIANO,

Unsurpassed for Tone, Touch and Durability. Over 38,000 in use. The new scale just received by us surpasses all former efforts of this firm. We most cordially invite all to call and see this strictly high grade Piano.

J. H. Barney, Jr., & CO.,

Rep. M. Steinert & Sons Co.

184 Thames Street.

Our Special Mark-down Sale.

Peaches, Apricots, California Egg Plums, Sifted Squash and Sifted Pumpkin, 15c. per Can, 2 Cans for 25c. Kippered Herring, per Tin, 19c.

AT A SACRIFICE.

Huntley & Palmer's Raspberry, Strawberry, Chocolate and Cocoanut Flavored Waters, per tin.......25c.
Choice Comb Honey, per lb. package.......25c.
Vanilla, Raspberry, Strawberry and Red Currant Jelly Tablets, each.......0c.
Corned Beef, 1 pound Can.......13c.
Corned Beef, 2 pound Cans.......22c.
Shelled Walnuts, per package.......25c.
Shelled Filberts, per package.......25c.
Shelled Hickory Nuts, per package.......25c.
Shredded Wheat Biscuit, per package.......12c.
☞ We beg to state that these prices hold good only during the time advertised.

F. P. Garrettson & Co,

18 & 20 WASHINGTON SQUARE

Walnut Wood

—FOR—

OPEN FIRES.

The handsomest wood we ever handled; all quartered wood, bright and well seasoned. At

Perry Bros.'

Bargain Sales.

In anticipation of stock-taking we offer our

ENTIRE STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES FOR CASH.

Wm. C. Cozzens & Co.,

138 THAMES STREET.

ITS THIRTY-FIRST ANNIVERSARY.

Young Men's Christian Association Meeting Sunday Evening.

The thirty-first anniversary of the Young Men's Christian Association was celebrated at the Central Baptist Church Sunday evening, and in spite of the threatened rain and the bad walking the large audience room was completely filled. The Baptist, Methodist Episcopal, Congregational, Presbyterian and Channing churches had omitted their evening services, and their several congregations joined to make one of the largest gatherings ever present at the association's annual services.

Mr. Angus McLeod, president of the association, presided, and Rev. Dr. Randolph, Rev. J. H. MacDonald and General Secretary Jessup occupied seats with him on the platform. The services were opened with congregational singing, led by Mr. William H. Arnold, followed by a selection by the choir. The Scripture lesson was read by Rev. R. W. Wallace, and prayer was offered by Rev. J. M. Craig. Mr. McLeod spoke briefly of the work of the association, and Mr. Jessup read his annual report, giving details of the work in the several branches. He said that during the year there had seemed to be little progress, but when the whole year was reviewed it was found that the work had steadily progressed. The attendance at the religious meetings has been largely increased, the boys' meetings have grown from an average attendance of 11 in January to 81 in December; the gymnasium classes have been largely increased and the interest in the work is maintained as it never has been before; the social element has also been carefully looked out for, and the reading room is patronized by large numbers daily. Mr. Jessup spoke appreciatingly of the assistance of the Women's Auxiliary, whose members have contributed largely and in many ways to the year's success.

Rev. J. H. MacDonald of the Thames Street Methodist Episcopal Church made the address of the evening. He said that he was heartily in sympathy with the Young Men's Christian Association and thoroughly believed in its work and methods, and hoped to give it his most earnest support. He then reviewed hastily the origin of the organized work of young men for Christianity, beginning two centuries ago, when Cotton Mather addressed the Young Men Associated, and continuing with the organization of the Young Men's Club of Oxford, with which the two Wesleys were connected, the small beginnings of the young clerks of London in 1844, and the establishment of the first Young Men's Christian Association by George Williams July 6, 1844. Thence the organization spread through England, across the channel to France, across the Atlantic to Montreal, and later to the United States, where the first association was formed at Boston December 29, 1851. From that time the progress was rapid until the war broke up the associations of the North and the South. Then came the work of the young men for the soldiers during the war. This work of the Young Men's Christian Associations during the war is worthy of the lasting gratitude of the republic. After the war the association took on a new lease of life, and since then its progress has been very rapid, until now the various organizations have 300,000 members and hold $17,000,000 worth of property. The speaker also reviewed the various extensions of the associations, speaking at length upon the college and railroad work.

The success of the Young Men's Christian Association is the grandest test that practical Christianity has ever had. It has brought new life and vigor into the churches, and done much to bring the churches together in Christian unity. No city can afford to be without its association, and it might be wise to assist it from the public purse. The association ought to be supported for the grand work it has done outside of the church. To its influence is credited the starting of the Christian Endeavor, Epworth League, St. Andrew's and other young people's societies. Through its influence a great change in religious sentiment has been brought about. We do not now ask concerning a man, how is his doctrine? but how is his heart? How does he live? The association does not enter into competition with the church. It does not, it cannot, enter into anything that is not a part of the church. It is an auxiliary of the church, and ought to receive the hearty support of the church. It reaches young men as the church cannot reach them, not because of lack of work or neglect, but from the condition of things. The business men ought to support the association, for it makes better employes, and the citizens generally ought to give largely to its support, because of its effects upon the future of the young men who are to be our business and public men in the next generation.

Concluding his address, Mr. MacDonald said that the local association had a debt of $1,200 upon its shoulders, and it was proposed to do something at the meeting to pay it. A blackboard upon the platform was ruled off into squares, and it was hoped that a large number of these, each representing $50, would be filled before the service closed. After an earnest plea to the people of Newport to support the association without outside aid, a member in the rear of the church asked to have his name put down for $25. This was followed by the announcement of a subscription of $100, then came $50, another $25 to fill the first square, and then one or two $50 subscriptions, several of $25 each and a number for $5, $10 and $15. A general solicitation among the congregation followed, and at the close eighteen of the twenty-six squares had been filled, and $922.50 had been subscribed. With this excellent beginning, it is expected that the remaining can be secured without delay.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Two very stylish sleighs have arrived at "Belcourt."

—Mrs. John P. Greenfelder is visiting Mrs. William Grant in Brooklyn.

—Mr. Thomas Coen, who has been ill for some time, is again able to attend to business.

—The annual conclave of Washington Commandery, No. 4, K. T., will take place Wednesday evening.

—P. H. Elsbree and E. F. Hines of Providence and G. G. Brown of Boston are at the Perry House.

—Mr. H. F. Brown of the Torpedo Station, who has been ill for some time, is somewhat improved today.

—Thomas Burlingham sold the Langdon estate on Sunnyside place at auction today to Paymaster I. G. Hobbs, U. S. N., for $10,250.

—Mr. Theodore M. Davis gave the street department men engaged in breaking a way through Ocean avenue a Sunday dinner at his cottage at Bateman's point yesterday.

—At the regular Methodist preachers' meeting in Providence today, Rev. J. H. MacDonald of this city is announced to read a review of Balfour's "Foundations of Belief."

—The engagement is announced of Mr. Charles Bruen Perkins of Boston and Miss Bessie Ward of New York, a granddaughter of Mr. Samuel Ward and a great-niece of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe.

—The soldiers at Fort Adams are wearing the new regulation caps, which resemble somewhat a German student cap, and do not meet with favor from citizens, whatever the soldiers may think of them.

—In the probate court this morning the will of Walter Langdon was ordered filed and recorded, and the petition for the probate of the will of David S. Mayberry was continued to February 3, according to law.

—Richard Gardner has sold to A. O'D. Taylor, for the use of Catherine J. Gardner, a lot of land, with buildings and other improvements, bounded northwesterly on the old Fort road, easterly on Carroll avenue and southerly on land of the heirs of Luther Bateman, deceased, and containing one and a quarter acres.

—Steamer Puritan arrived from Hoboken yesterday and is at Long wharf, where the repair shop force will give her her annual winter overhauling. After leaving the dry dock the Puritan was taken to Fletcher's works at Hoboken, where some paddle-wheel buckets were put in and minor repairs were made before the steamer left for this city.

—Mr. William Hamilton, the new street commissioner, took charge of the office this morning, and everything is running along just as usual. The city men were out this morning covering slippery walks with gravel and clearing the gutters for the expected thaw. Only such necessary work as the weather demands will be done for the present.

—The funeral of the late Mrs. Samuel G. Wright took place yesterday afternoon from her late residence on Howard avenue. Rev. W. F. B. Jackson of Trinity Church officiating. The bearers were Colonel A. K. McMahon, J. Y. Hudson, C. F. Harvey and J. T. Delano, all of C. E. Lawton Post, Grand Army of the Republic. Mrs. Wright was one of the oldest of the English residents in this city.

—DeBlois & Eldridge have sub-let for Mr. William R. Travers the Parker cottage on Parker avenue to Mr. Herman L. Duryea of New York for the coming season. Mr. Duryea is one of the principal promoters of the new 20 foot class of yachts, and the fact of his taking a cottage here probably indicates that these craft, of which there will be about a dozen, will make their headquarters and have their races at Newport.

—Rev. M. M. Ponton, S. T. B., who is to lecture tonight at Touro Chapel on "The Furnace of Affliction, and Not Consumed," is a graduate of the theological department of Boston University and is a very entertaining speaker. He is in charge of Shorter Institute, Arkadelphia, Ark., and is in the East in the interest of that work. He will show how his people, amidst adverse circumstances, are progressing.

—The only new thing reported in the Commercial wharf-Langley wharf controversy is a new suit for damages brought by J. B. Bachelier against Samuel R. Honey, for trespass in having his north door fastened by irons and his platform torn up previous to the building of the new iron fence. Damages were placed at $5,000, and a writ of summons has been served on Mr. Honey. Unlike some other writs served in this case, it was not a writ of arrest, and so no bail bond was required.

—The St. Andrew's Society will celebrate its fourteenth anniversary and the one hundred and thirty-seventh of the birth of Robert Burns at Music hall Friday evening, January 24, when there will be a musical program of old-country airs by Miss Buchanan and Messrs. Pryde and Swan, and addresses by Mayor Boyle, Rev. J. M. Craig and ex-President A. McLeod. This society has annually celebrated Burns's birthday since its organization, and has as regularly had a hearty Scotch time, at which everybody felt happy.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The series of meetings held at the Methodist Episcopal Church during the last two weeks closed Friday evening, as did those held by Portsmouth Friends at the Friend's meeting house, Tiverton, during the same time.

Master Benjamin C. Sherman gave a party Saturday, in honor of his eleventh birthday. The traveling was so bad that all the expected guests were not present, but those who were there had a fine time.

Mrs Jacob Marz went to Providence last Tuesday to attend the funeral of her father-in-law, Mr. William Marz, who died very suddenly from an attack of paralysis of the brain. The funeral took place Friday.

The Portsmouth missionary society will meet Tuesday evening at Mr. Richard R. Macomber's.

The holiness meeting will be held Saturday evening at Mr. Edward B. Ayler's.

News has been received here of the illness, with pneumonia, of Miss Sophie Mitchel of Brooklyn.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Littlefield have taken possession of their new home in the Friends' monthly meeting house.

Mr. John Shedden, formerly of this town but now of Pawtucket, where he is carrying on business as a florist on a large scale, was in town the latter part of last week.

The four schools in the northern part of the town held only one session Friday, the joint attendance being twenty-two pupils. It seems a pity that some way satisfactory to all cannot be devised to prevent the holding of schools on days when to travel such long distances is dangerous to the health of those who attempt it, and proves of comparatively small benefit, from the fact that the same lessons must be taken up the next school day, in order that the class may progress understandingly.

Mr. and Mrs. George Wyatt were in Providence during the storm.

Mr. George Chace of East Providence and Mr. W. Irving Faulkner of South Providence were guests of their fathers, Mr. William H. Chace and Mr. George A. Faulkner, Sunday.

Miss Christiana Macomber has been paying a week's visit to her sister, Mrs. Rose Gladding of Providence.

Miss Gertrude E. Macomber returned Saturday from Boston, where she had been guest for a week of her aunt, Mrs. John B. Hambly.

Dr. Robert F. Noyes of Providence, who has numerous friends in this town, has given $4,000 to found a permanent bed in the Rhode Island Hospital.

MR. AND MRS. BELMONT IN NEWPORT.

Mr. and Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont, who were married in New York Saturday morning, arrived here, via Wickford, in the evening and drove at once to "Belcourt" in Mr. Belmont's carriage, the horses being handsomely harnessed and the coachman and footman wearing light broadcloth coats and beavers with cockades. The newly-married couple will remain at "Belcourt" several days, and towards the latter part of the month will join the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough at Blenheim Castle, England. They did not attend church at Trinity, as expected.

The members of the Lawrence Club, of which Mr. Belmont is an honorary member, sent him a note of congratulation, accompanied by a splendid basket of flowers, for Mrs. Belmont, an appreciated gift, coming from men who occupy a portion of the fine old mansion-house on Washington square, once owned by the maternal ancestors of Mr. Belmont.

FOR THE GRAND JURY.

The common pleas division of the supreme court will meet here Monday next for its January session, and the grand jury will have, according to present indications, but little business to consider. There are three cases against the alleged cottage breakers, C. B. Simms, Thomas Donohue and Charles Riegel, for breaking and entering and larceny from the cottage of J. Hazard Wilson and the Witherbee place; one against Thomas Crogan, for breaking and entering and larceny from J. H. Wetherell's shop on East Bowery street; one against J. H. Jenkins, for assault with a dangerous weapon, and one against Emma Brown, for maintaining a nuisance.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Miss Esther Smith is confined at home by the grip.

A number of young persons had a sleighing party Saturday evening.

There were large congregations at the churches yesterday, considering the very poor traveling, which was neither, good sleighing nor good wheeling.

The members of Aquidneck and Portsmouth granges will probably charter a car Wednesday, to attend the Pomona Grange anniversary, to be held in Tiverton.

Mrs. David Pillsworth, with her son, who has been guest of her mother, Mrs. Robert Patterson, returned to her home in Brooklyn Saturday, after a visit of two weeks or more.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Ice Cream Sets,
Bread and Butter Plates,
Dessert Plates,
Covered Cake Plates,
Pitchers in Great Variety,
Dinner Sets,
Chocolate Sets,
After Dinner Coffees,
Fancy Pudding Dishes,

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,

131 & 133 Thames Street.

Franklin Coal

In stove and egg size.

GENUINE LORBERRY RED ASH.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN,

WM. H. BOONE, Agent.

Telephone connection.

Fresh Eggs,

Fine Creamery Butter, all kinds Imported Nuts, Canned Pie Pineapples, Pie Peaches, Blueberries, Squash, Raisins, Currants, Prunes, Mince Meat, Citron, Dates, Figs, Lard.

BEST QUALITY AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

New York Butter & Grocery House,

149 THAMES STREET.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ANNIE NEWS,

Kuenchinger-King Cottage,

Corner Bellevue avenue and Catherine; entrance on Catherine street. Office hours 11 to 2, and evenings

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

DAVIS, WARD & MAGILL,

Office 169 Thames Street.

FOR RENT.

Completely furnished modern cottage, Cranston avenue, $500.
Unfurnished Cottage, Whitehall street, $320.
Newly built cottage, Bliss road, $300.
Desirable tenement, Friendship street, with water rate paid, $275.

FOR SALE.

Fully rented, three-tenement house, Dearborn street, $5,500.
Cottage, with barn, Friendship street, $5,700.
Cottage, Everett street, $8,500.

DORCHESTER CAMBRIDGE MUTUAL

Fire Insurance Companies of Massachusetts pay 25 per cent. on annual, 50 per cent. on 3-year and 75 per cent. on 5-year policies.

1896.

HAPPY NEW YEAR!

People are happier when insured, both life and against fire, because it relieves them of a great deal of anxiety. Look about now and see that your property is fully insured and in a reliable company; if not, insure now with

WHIPPLE & SON.

We place insurance in thirty of the largest and oldest stock companies or dividend-paying mutuals. Agents for the New York Life Insurance Co. Cash assets, $162,011,770.93.

Office hours—9 A. M. until 5 P. M.
Telephone connection.

28 Bellevue Avenue.

FURNISHED COTTAGES

To rent in Jamestown for the season of 1896.

Farms for sale. Also desirable building lots in the village and at the Dumplings.

APPLY TO

CHAS. T. KNOWLES,

Bay View House.

Fire! Fire! Fire!

INSURE IN THE PAWTUCKET MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

Surplus funds on hand, $160,808.00.
Dividends on all expiring policies.

HENRY BULL, JR.,

107 Thames Street.

DeBLOIS & ELDRIDGE,

Real Estate and Insurance,

123 BELLEVUE AVENUE,

BERKELEY BLOCK.

AUCTION SALES.

By Thos. Burlingham, - - Auctioneer.

At Aquidneck Hall, Thursday, Jan. 16, at 10 o'clock.

From the Langdon Estate, Sunnyside Place.

Elegant Pier Mirror (6 ft., 5 in., by 5 ft., 2), lot Rustic Seats, Crockery, Chamber Sets, Lambrequins, Curtains and Poles, Sideboards, Side Tables, Carpets, etc.
Inspection on Wednesday.

STOCKS AT AUCTION.

By Thos. Burlingham, - Auctioneer.

Wednesday, Jan. 15.

In front of the Union National Bank at 12 o'clock M.

7 Shares Newport National Bank.
8 Shares Union National Bank.
10 Shares Arctic Ice Co. Stock.
1 Share First National Bank.
2 Shares Arctic Ice Co. Stock.

Administrator's Sale.

Will be sold on the premises, on the 23d of January, 1896, at 12 o'clock noon,
The house and land 136 Broadway, the Hubbard estate, 60 ft. 3 in. front, 127 ft. deep, containing about 7,760 ft. I reserve the right to bid on the same. JAMES W. DENNIS, Administrator.

Peck & Snider's

COLUMBIA CLUB SKATES,
HOCKEY STICKS, STRAPS,
SKATE SHARPENERS, etc.

AT SOUTHWICK'S.

Massage and Swedish Movements

—BY—

Miss Townsend, 15 Rhode Island Ave.

NEW BOOKS.

For 1896.

Calendars of all kinds and prices.
Diaries for 1896.
Old Farmer's Almanac.
Church Almanac.
Ledgers, Journals and Cash Books.
A variety of New Books for those who wish to give presents for the coming New Year.
Magazine subscriptions received.

—AT—

C. E. HAMMETT, JR.'S,

202 THAMES STREET.

A POINT OF CONSCIENCE,

BY "THE DUCHESS."

In the Sanctuary, A sequel to "On the Heights of Himalay," by A. Van der Naillen.
A Bubble Fortune, by Sarah Tytler.
A Hasty Marriage. A story of Two Lives, by Sir Ranoall H. Roberts.
Elkehard, by Josephen Victor Von Scheffel.
Sermons for the Church Year by Phillips Brooks.
World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1896, 25c.
The Pocket Magazine for January, 1896, 10c.

GEORGE H. CARR,

172 THAMES STREET.

WORLD ALMANAC

For 1896

—AT—

WM. P. CLARKE'S

262 Thames Street.

Seasonable Goods.

WEATHER STRIPS for doors or windows.
RUBBER SOLES for 25c. a pair.
COBBLER OUTFITS, for family use, for only $1.50.
A Good No. 6 House Broom for 17c.
A Good No. 7 House Broom for 21c.

These prices are lower than ever before offered in this city.

☞ Watch these numbers disappear—4152, 412, 151, 3194, 557, 2863, 458, 2727, 1148, 106, 1103.

Our store will be closed until further notice at 6:30 P. M., Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings.

The GEO. A. WEAVER CO.

Prices Way Down on Horse

BLANKETS.

Stevens's, 48 & 50 Spring St.

A New Departure!

BOLTED MEAL.

From pure Rhode Island corn, fresh and nice, requires no sifting. Ground and put up in peck and half peck bags. Try it and you will use it in preference to any other. To be had of any grocer. See that

A. R. ANTHONY'S

name is on every bag.

P. O. Address, Box 297, Middletown, R. I.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

LAPPIN'S.

STILL WE ARE MAKING

Great Reductions

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

One lot of Ladies' Woolen Skirts, short, formerly 98c and $1.25; now 23c.

One lot of Ladies' Woolen Skirts, formerly $1.25 and $1.50; now 38c.

One lot heavy wool plaid Waists, formerly $1.50 and $1.62; now 98c.

A lot Children's Woolen Ribbed Stockings, formerly 25c.; now 5c.

A lot Children's Muslin Aprons, formerly 25c. and 38c.; now, to close, 19c.

One lot of Ladies' Shirt Waists, 10c.

One lot of Boys' Waists, 12 1-2c.

Lot of Infants' Short Coats, 59c, 75c., 87c., 98c.

One lot Infants' Caps, 3c.

One lot Woolen Waists, formerly $1.25, now 87c.

Come early before the best sizes and patterns are selected, at

145 THAMES STREET.